

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CLYDE A.TOLSON

(COPIES OF MEMORANDA MAINTAINED IN THE OFFICE OF THE FORMER ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, CLYDE A. TOLSON)

PART 8 OF 10

DESCRIPTION OF FOLLOWING FILE MATERIAL

CLYDE A. TOLSON

(Tickler copies of memoranda maintained in the office of former Associate Director Clyde A. Tolson)

PART IV

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

January 10, 1968

MEMORANDUM TO MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CASPER

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

MISS HOLMES

RE: STENOGRAPHIC AND TYPING PRODUCTION SURVEY - SEAT OF GOVERNMENT

A survey of production of stenographers and typists is to be conducted separately in each division for a five-day period beginning January 15, 1968, and ending January 19, 1968.

The production figures should be based on the number of typed pages per employee, including both outgoing and intra-Bureau communications. Only those employees whose duties are 50 percent or more straight transcription need be included.

The results of the survey for stenographers should show (1) total pages transcribed (include retypes not due to error of stenographers); (2) time on clerical work; (3) time in taking dictation; (4) time spent on transcription: (5) time absent (other than official leave); (6) total hours worked; (7) number of pages retyped (broken down as to dictator error, stenographic error, or other); and (8) number of stenographers included in survey, broken down as to grade and length of experience (over 90 days) or less than 90 days).

Enclosures (2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DITT 5/25/62: BY SPIGSKIPSK

Memorandum to All Assistant Directors Re: Stenographic and Typing Production

Survey - Seat of Government

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The results of the survey for typists should show (1) total pages typed (include retypes not due to error of typists); (2) time on clerical work; (3) time spent on typing; (4) time absent (other than official leave); (5) total hours worked; (6) number of pages retyped (broken down as to dictator error, typist error, or other); and (7) number of typists included in survey, broken down as to grade and length of experience (over 90 days or less than 90 days).

Time devoted to clerical operations, methods of computing pages of typing, et cetera, are set forth in detail in the Stenographers' Manual and the Inspectors' Manual.

The enclosed forms recording the overall results of the survey of each division should be furnished to the Inspection Division by close of business January 23, 1968.

Very truly yours,

n Edgar **Ng**over Director



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

January 31, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

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On January 18, 1968, I saw Governor Ronald Reagan of California, who was accompanied by Mr. Edwin Meese, the Governor's Secretary for Legal Affairs.

The Governor called to pay his respects and to renew his friendship. He was quite strong in his commendation of the excellent relationship that exists between his office in Sacramento and our Agent in Charge there.

We discussed generally some of the problems which the Governor has had to face up to at the University of California and his determination to see that law and order are maintained there.

The Governor evidenced strong support of the FBI.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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DATE 5/29/82 BYSEL GULPER



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

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January 31, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

On January 16, 1968, I saw Solicitor General Erwin Nathaniel Griswold, who called to pay his respects. He reminded me that we had met many years ago at the home of the late Attorney General Harlan Fiske Stone.

We discussed generally some of the problems of law enforcement and the Solicitor General was quite strong in his commendation of the efforts which the Bureau has made to professionalize the work of law enforcement.

Very truly yours,

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John Edgar Hoover Director

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Mr. Conrad.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 2053\$...

February 15, 1968

MEMORANDUM TO MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CASPER

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

MISS HOLMES

RE: BUDGET ESTIMATES FISCAL YEARS 1970 THROUGH 1974

It is requested that each division head furnish to the Administrative Division by March 14, 1968, justification data (original and one copy) regarding his division for use in preparation of the Bureau's budget estimate for the fiscal year 1970 plus specific indication of any possible changes by fiscal years thereafter through fiscal year 1974. This latter information should specifically pinpoint the fiscal year involved. The 5-year projection of costs is required by Bureau of the Budget instructions implementing a Presidential directive to that effect. It is imperative that this material be in the hands of the Administrative Division by the March 14 deadline.

The material submitted by the divisions is the basic material used to determine and justify our appropriation request. Accordingly, it should contain any data relating to your division which you feel would be of value in determining and presenting our

Enclosure

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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Memorandum to All Assistant Directors

Re: Budget Estimates

Fiscal Years 1970 through 1974

budget request. This would include such things as work load trends, effect of any new legislation on our work, major issues or programs which may affect future manpower needs, and the like. Include, where possible, work load statistics to support your justifications and projected wherever possible by fiscal years through 1974.

For the information of those contacting other agencies in regard to fingerprint and name check estimates, you should be aware of the volume of work along this line an agency is submitting to the Bureau at the presenttime, as well as the agency estimate to the Bureau for the fiscal year 1969. In addition to obtaining an estimate for the fiscal years 1970 through 1974, the estimate for the fiscal year 1969 should be checked with the agency to determine if it should be revised in light of current work load trends. If the agency estimates that the volume of such work for the fiscal years 1969 and 1970 and for subsequent fiscal years will increase or decrease from the present volume, obtain the details as to the reason for the increase or decrease so that we will have complete information available to fully justify our total name check and fingerprint work loads. This is needed since the anticipated volume of such work to be handled by the Bureau is primarily determined by estimates submitted by agencies outside the Bureau.

Using a tabulation in the format attached, show the number of your presently assigned staff (giving date of the count) by sections (except that the Administrative Division and the Files and Communications Division should show number by sections and units) and the number of employees you feel will be necessary to handle the work of such organizational units during the fiscal year 1970 and subsequent fiscal years, broken down as to clerical and agent positions in both instances. Show the reason for any proposed increase. If reimbursable work is performed, all information on personnel should indicate the number of employees assigned or required for such work included in the total personnel figures as a one-line entry at the bottom. Major equipment needs, if any, should be set

Memorandum to All Assistant Directors

Re: Budget Estimates

Fiscal Years 1970 through 1974

out specifically by sections (except that the Administrative Division and the Files and Communications Division should show needs by sections and units) and must be fully and completely justified. In addition, any alterations or repairs of office space or furniture contemplated should be indicated in the same manner as for equipment with full and complete justification.

From the latest available information, it appears that the new quarters at Quantico will be occupied at the start of fiscal year 1971 (July 1, 1970). With respect to the new FBI building, it appears it will be being made ready for occupancy in fiscal year 1973. Your projections should show by each fiscal year what effect these moves will have on work loads, personnel, and major equipment items supported by a full and complete explanation.

Should any question arise with regard to the preparation of these data, contact should be made with the Budget Unit of the Administrative Division.

Very truly yours.

John Edgar Hoover

Director

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SUMMARY TABULATION

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nothing to do with prior year budget requests. recommended and approved in the last "personnel adequacy survey" or Any increases over currently authorized should be justified in

If reimbursement work is performed by personnel assigned or enticip

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

9:55 AM

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February 21, 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. BISHOP

MR. CONRAD

Secretary of State Dean Rusk called. He stated they were very concerned about the bombing of the Soviet Embassy here in Washington this morning. I stated I thought we had one good break;

Secretary Rusk said then that the chances were pretty good that we might find him and I agreed. The Secretary stated he would appreciate anything we can do and I told him I would keep him auvis∈a.

Very truly yours,

John **E**dgar Hoover

Director



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

March 11, 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

Software State

I have just completed reading the memorandum from Mr. Sullivan dated March 7, 1968, reporting upon the Special Black Nationalist and Informant Conferences held during the last month together with an SAC Letter to the field allowing the payment of instead of the previously authorized and the assigning of one or more Agents exclusively to the investigation of such racial matters.

After reading it, it reminded me of the recent report by the President's Commission on Race Riots. Any conference can be viewed as a success it all recommendations which its members see fit to make are adopted for approval without any regard whatsoever to the cost of such recommendations or to the utilization of manpower necessary to implement them. This conference to which I am referring which was held here no doubt had some merit, but what I am particularly concerned about is where is the money coming from and where is the manpower coming from to implement the various recommendations which the conference made.

I have before indicated that there is too strong an indifference upon the part of our executive staff as to the cost of various programs which are recommended for the Bureau to embark upon. We have certain definite limitations in our appropriations and they must be adhered to and yet no one seems to give any thought whatsoever to the cost of various recommendations that are all too frequently made to go maywire in carrying them out.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE Speles BY SPIOSHER

March 11, 1968

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Mohr, Bishop, Gale, Rosen, Sullivan

While I have signed the SAC Letter dealing with the matter, I have done so reluctantly for the reasons stated above. Money does not just grow on trees and we have to get it from somewhere. We are in a deficiency at the present time for the current fiscal year and it certainly will be increased if there is no more intelligent approach to the problems facing the Bureau than has been manifested in this Black Nationalist Conference.

Very truly yours,

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Q

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASBINGTON, D.C. 20535

March 14, 1968

WAY.

Miss Houses

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

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On February 28, 1968, I saw former Special Agent who is now in the Inspection Service of the Internal Revenue Service.

In our general discussion, he left with me a copy of a letter addressed to Senator John L. McClellan on February 9, 1968, by the Chief of the Criminal Division of the United States Attorney's Office in Chicago, Illinois. This is a very interesting letter and reflects, certainly, some of the major problems in handling the criminal work.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

Attachment

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/20/30 BY SOI CSK/PSC

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

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Mr. Felt Mr. Gale Mr. R sec	

4:23 PM

March 27, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. MOHR

MR. CALLAHAN

M Beaver

Honorable George H. Mahon, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, called. He stated they are about ready to change the setup on their staff of investigators and he thought that the past year has been the most rugged one they have had in a long time. He continued that all his staff people and he think Edward J. Hayes has done an outstanding job under difficult circumstances. He stated they have Robert G. Kunkle as the assistant and he is supposed to move up, he thought, if I would assign Mr. Kunkle. I told the Congressman I would be glad to. Congressman Mahon stated they thought well of him, Kunkle, and without these people, they would have much less confidence in what they do up there. I told him not to hesitate to call upon us.

The Congressman mentioned that he was talking to some Mayors as he is on Mr. Evans' subcommittee, including the Mayor from Cleveland, all wanting more money and the Mayor of Cleveland said if they did not get these programs, there is no doubt they will have violence in Cleveland this summer. The Congressman said he hoped the Mayor would take that off the record as statements like that are very provocative. I commented that it merely puts it in the minds of people with violent ideas to go out and do it and it is unwise for responsible officials, Federal, state or local, to make such statements.

I told the Congressman I would see that the matter is taken care of so that Mr. Kunkle will be designated to take Mr. Hayes' place.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

3:55 PM

April 11, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. MOHR MR. BISHOP

MR. CALLAHAN

Mr HAVE

Honorable James P. Hendrick, Special Assistant to the Secretary of the Treasury, Honorable Henry H. Fowler, called. He stated they were recommending James J. Rowley, Director, U. S. Secret Service, for a Rockefeller Public Service Award and they were wondering if it would be all right for them to list my name as a possible reference on this as one who would be willing to support the candidacy upon inquiry by the committee that works on this.

I told Mr. Hendrick I would be very happy for him to place my name on such a list; that I have a very high regard for Mr. Rowley; that he used to be in the Bureau years ago and our relations now are very close and very cooperative.

Mr. Hendrick expressed his appreciation.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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DATE 5/25/82 BY SEIGHTON





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

10:50 AM

April 17, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON / MR. DE LOACH MR. BISHOP

I returned an earlier call from Congressman Melvin Mr. Activer Price of Illinois. The Congressman stated the reason he was calling is that he has had some telephone calls the last day or two from the publisher of the News Democrat in Belleville, Illinois, where the Chief of Police is observing his 20th anniversary as Chief of Police of the town. The Congressman continued that, in fact, the Chief is one of my greatest admirers, Reese Dobson, and asked if I knew him. I told the Congressman I did. Congressman Price said he did not know how long it has been since I was in his area, but they would like to have a testimonial dinner for Dobson on the 16th of May and the people are anxious to have me as their speaker and distinguished guest.

I told the Congressman that I have had to decline all out-oftown requests to appear because of commitments here as we have the racial problem and the Martin Luther King assassination and I am giving my attention to that and I have had to decline all requests to make speeches or appear, if he would be so kind as to explain that to his people, but I would be glad to send one of my associates out there. He stated he would explain it to them, but they would be disappointed. I told him I would like to go but if they would like to have somebody, I would be glad to send a top-level assistant. The Congressman asked if at any rate I would send a telegram, and I told him I would. The Congressman stated he would keep me posted I on that part. He stated that if I saw a little light to the point that I thought I might be able to do it, if I would, and I told him I thought it was going to be a long, drawn-out period of difficulties throughout the country and he agreed. I told him to keep me advised and he again asked if I knew Dobson personally and I told him I did. The Congressman stated he would let them know then and thanked me and stated he would be in touch with me on the other part of it.

Very truly yours,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE THE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

11:00 AM

May 2, 196ô

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR. SULLIVAN



Dr. Frederick Brown Harris, Chaplain of the Senate, called. He stated he had a very important matter, otherwise he would not have called me as he has. He stated he had a matter that worried him very, very much, and he asked his secretary to read a letter Dr. Harris has written.

The letter the secretary read was to a retired Army Colonel named Juskalin and pertained to having His Holiness Catholicos Vazgen, Patriarch of the Soviet Armenian Church, offer the opening prayer at an early session of the Senate. In the letter, Dr. Harris set out his reasons why he did not believe he should invite His Holiness, who represents the Soviet regime, come to the Senate, as it was contrary to his attitude throughout the years. Dr. Harris also in the letter stated he could not attend the banquet on May 9th at the Shoreham Hotel.

I told Dr. Harris I thought it was a very good letter and he stated they are after him; that Dr. Edward G. Latch, Chaplain of the House of Representatives, whose attitude he, Harris, does not question, has given permission for him to come and he feels he has to go along with it but says he believes in his, Harris', attitude. I told Dr. Harris I thought his attitude was sound. Dr. Harris said that he so wanted me to say that he is all right to go ahead in this manner; that, of course, he would not use my name. I told Dr. Harris I thought he was perfectly all right. I told him I thought his position was sound and I admired the standard he has set. Dr. Harris stated they have been back to his office several times and I commented that if they could have him do that, it would give them a prestige they do not deserve.

Dr. Harris stated he was going to stand by it then and expressed his appreciation to me.

Very truly yours,

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DATE 5/18/82 BYSP-1654/BX

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

June 5, 1968

Mr. Conrad.

Miss Gandy

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP

At 4:00 AM this morning the President called me from the White House relative to the attempted assassination of Senator Robert F. Kennedy in Los Angeles, California. The President stated that he had been in touch with Mr. James Rowley, Director of the Secret Service, and had ordered that details be assigned to the various other candidates for election. He informed me that he had told Mr. Rowley that he should call upon the FBI for any reasonable assistance in carrying out the instructions. The President also stated he had informed Mr. Rowley to call upon the Narcotics Bureau and other Federal investigative agencies to likewise assist in this assignment.

The President added that he was going to depend upon me to keep him advised of developments in this matter as I had done in 1963 incident I to the assassination of the late President, John F. Kennedy.

Following the President's conversation with me, I contacted Mr. DeLoach, informed him of what the President had to say, and Mr. DeLoach advised me that Mr. Rowley had already been in touch with him, DeLoach, and was calling a meeting at 7:30 this morning to discuss the President's instructions so that they might be properly carried out.

I instructed Mr. DeLoach to represent the Bureau at this meeting at Mr. Rowley's office and to be certain to point out that while we want to render every assistance possible, as we have on other occasions, to the Secret Service in carrying out their duties in protecting the President and Vice President, we are faced with a very critical situation in connection with the investigation of the murder of Martin Luther King, Jr., in which we have had a peak of 3,075 field agents assigned with the cost to date of \$1,117,670. I stated it was imperative that we not withdraw the pressure on the King matter but that we would be willing to help in any way we could consistent with our present demands.

Very truly yours,

HATE SPENDED EYEST CARPER



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535 June 5, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. CALLAHAN

MR, CASPER

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

Mr. Tolson_ Mr. Dalach .. Mr. Mohr Mr. Bishop Mr. Casper Mr. Callahan Mr. Conrad .___ Mr. Felt Mr. Gale Mr. Rosen Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavel Mr. Tr tter. Tele. Room Miss H mes \mathbf{Mis} - standy \perp

城绝对

I have noted more and more letters coming through to all Special Agents in Charge (both those to All Special Agents in Charge and those addressed to SAC Albany, with copies to each office). There are entirely too many of these and they are entirely too long.

I want each Assistant Director to give careful consideration to the necessity for such communications to go to each field office, and in those instances where it is necessary, instructions should be set forth in a clear and concise manner. I have noticed that many of them now tend to ramble on for two or three pages.

I want to reiterate existing instructions that all letters of this kind are to be read and approved by Mr. Casper whose duty it shall continue to be to see that all excess verbiage is eliminated and no such letters are prepared which are not absolutely necessary.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/28/80 BY 101 038/1958

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



1:05 PM

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

SEALT

Jun∈ 20, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP

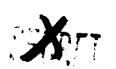
MR. SULLIVAN

While talking to Attorney General Ramsey Clark on another matter, he asked how the James Earl Ray investigation looked now. I said I thought it was more or less stymied in legal technicalities in Great Britain as it has to go through a long process on extradition. Il commented that, of course, the lawyer who has gone over to represent Ray is a former FBI Agent; that he was the attorney in the Mrs. Viola Liuzzo case, but, of course, we got convictions in that, but this lawyer has always been strongly pro-Klan. I said he was Mayor of Birmingham, Alabama, at one time and at that time he was a strong supporter of "Bull" Connor and I thought it significant that Ray should get a fellow who has certainly a strong smell of the Klan about him. I said he denies that he is a Klansman or that he ever attended any of their meetings and he claims he does not know how Ray came to ask for him as his lawyer. I said that Ray claims he read about him in the newspaper when he was in the penitentiary in Missouri. The Attorney General said he does not

see how Ray would remember that.

<u>}</u>(s)

The Attorney General asked how long ago the fellow was with the Bureau and I stated it must have been before the war. The Attorney General then asked how long he was with the Bureau and I told him about three years and that he then went into the practice of law and got into politics in Birmingham and, as I had said, he was a very strong supporter of "Bull" Connor in the use of police dogs, et cetera, in civil rights matters. I said he was the lawyer in the Liuzzo case and won in the local court and then it went into the Federal court on civil rights and he lost. I said he has made many public statements against Martin Luther King when King was living and he has strong animosity against King and against Kennedy. I said it was significant that he is the attorney selected by Ray to represent him in the trial in this country. I said



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June 20, 1968

he does not intend to ask for a change of venue if he is to be tried in Memphis. The Attorney General asked if we were getting any evidence that Ray had somebody helping him and supporting him and I told him none whatsoever. I said we were checking various lines as to Ray and Sirhan Sirhan in the Robert F. Kennedy case as to the mysterious woman in the pantry of the Ambassador Hotel and so far they have all fallen through. I said the girl in the Sirhan case has refused to take a lie detector test, but I thought the police were going to give her one although so far she has refused to take one. The Attorney General asked if this were the woman in the polka dot dress and I told him it was the one who claimed she saw the woman in the polka dot dress. The Attorney General said he had read the report on her and got the feeling she was unbalanced. I commented that she was seeking publicity.

I continued that we are also checking as to who was with Sirhan Sirhan at the rifle range when he was practicing with the revolver as well as persons with him when he bought the ammunition. I stated in these instances they were men.

I stated that in Ray's case, we have not found a single angle that would indicate a conspiracy. I said the only significant thing is the money he had and which he spent freely in paying bills and I thought that could have been obtained from a bank robbery. The Attorney General said that if we could show he robbed the bank at Alton, it would be helpful. I said we are working on that because he was paying his bills with \$50 bills up to his arrest. I said on the other hand he stayed at flop houses and never stayed at a first-class hotel but at the same time he spent, I thought, \$1200 or more in buying guns and the car, which I thought was \$1500, and then he took dancing lessons, bartender lessons, and lessons in picking locks, and that is why I think security is so exceedingly important not only in England but on the way back to this country and when he gets here.

The Attorney General commented that he hoped my men can bring him back and asked if that were satisfactory. I told him it was and that I would be strongly of the opinion, unless there is a compelling reason to the contrary, that he ought to be brought back by military plane; that I could not see any difference between a military plane, a Cunard liner, or Pan American; and on the Military plane we would have our Agents and have Ray confined with



June 20, 1968

leg irons and handcuffs. I said he is a dangerous individual and is not a damn fool; that he is desperate and will make any effort to escape that he can. I said I thought he should be landed at the Naval airport in Memphis and not the regular airport. The Attorney General asked if we should have a representative of the Memphis Police Department on board or not, and I said I would not think so. I said I would think we would be responsible for taking him from the British and arrange with Frank Holloman to have the Memphis Police at the airport in Memphis on arrival, but to do it almost on an "eyes only" basis so there will be no leak as to where or when he is coming in because we will be plagued by the press, as they are trying everything they can in England to get a line on when he is being moved. I said I noted the lawyer says he expects to be advised exactly when and where he will depart. The Attorney General commented that he will know when he gets in.

said there is a military airport in London and I thought that is where the military plane should land if it goes from this country with absolute silence on the part of the Commanding General as to its departure: that the first knowledge in this country would come when he is delivered to the Memphis Police with sufficient time to get him into jail. I said the plane should arrive so as not to allow them to go through the city in the daytime but to arrive around 2:00 or 3:00 in the morning. The Attorney General said he was sure that was exactly right. I said otherwise there will be efforts to kill him if there is a conspiracy and if there is no conspiracy, the supporters of Dr. King will do everything in their power to kill him. I said the same thing is true in the case of Sirhan Sirhan in Los Angeles because the feeling. on behalf of the Kennedy followers is so strong that they will have to take great precautions to see he is not killed. I said it would be a horrible thing as it would be charged it was done by the Federal Government or something like that and for that reason it must be very carefully handled both as to transportation of Ray from London and incarceration, if he is ever extradited as I think it is going to drag on for five or six weeks. I said what I am afraid of is that there is going to develop in this country criticism on the part of the British in getting this fellow back here. I said people have asked how soon he will be brought back and I have told them it is up to the British as it is not our responsibility as we have done everything so that he has legal representation.



June 20, 1968

The Attorney General stated that Assistant Attorney General Fred Vinson, Jr., will be going back over to England Monday night as the Home Secretary and our Ambassador asked that he come back. He said that we have urged in every way that it be speeded up because of the strong feeling in this country about it.

The Attorney General asked then if I thought a military plane is better than leasing a commercial plane and I said I did because when you lease a commercial plane, you would have a crew, unless you put a military crew on it, but there would be no purpose putting a military crew on a commercial plane. I said I could not see any legal difficulty as the method of getting him back does not make much difference as to the legality of the thing or the image of it. The Attorney General commented that he had been thinking the other way. I said he is a dangerous man and has proven himself to be very clever as he headed for various parts of the world

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shrewd individual and he is most contemptuous in manner and action with the prison authorities over there. I said another thing about the British is that they are not tight on security as they do not search a person unless he is convicted and they do not search anybody visiting someone in jail, but that is the old British procedure. The Attorney General commented that it is absolutely wrong. I said I thought any person visiting a prisoner ought to be searched. The Attorney General said he thought my men talked them into doing that. I said they finally did, but they always talk about traditions over there. The Attorney General commented that they were about as strict as anybody on those.

I said I thought we have a very serious problem in moving this fellow and we ought to do it with very carefully laid out plans and take him into the Naval airport in Memphis and arrange to turn him over to Holloman and then announce he is in the custody of the Memphis Police. The Attorney General said he hoped my men were working on that so we will be ready and I told him we were.



June 20, 1968

I told the Attorney General that the men who were in London were back here, as one man's father had a serious heart attack. I said one is Special Agent whom he may remember, and the Attorney General said he did, that he was a close friend of his father's and his son knows him, too. I said he will be on the plane and so would the did the Attorney General commented this would be ideal.

The Attorney General asked how we thought Ray got the three names he used. I said this again shows his astuteness as all three are living people residing in Canada who never knew him and never heard of him. I said on the other hand, Ray spent last year, when he was wandering around the country, a great portion of the time in Canada and I thought he was planning this thing and seeking a double identity like Sneyd, Galt, and Bridgeman and checking out those names so if there were any check made on his application for a birth certificate, they could ascertain such a person existed. I said this shows his shrewdness. I said I think we are dealing with a man who is not an ordinary criminal in the usual sense, but a man capable of doing any kind of a sly act. The Attorney General said he was exceptionally clever.

I said Sirhan Sirhan is a different individual as he is a fanatic and killed Robert Kennedy because he spoke in favor of Israel and this fellow being an Arab became intensely bitter against Kennedy and felt he should be killed, which he did, but he is a fanatic and Ray is not a fanatic in that sense. I said I think Ray is a racist and detested Negroes and Martin Luther King and there is indication that prior to the Memphis situation, he had information about King speaking in other towns and then picked out Memphis. I said I think he acted entirely alone, but we are not closing our minds that others might be associated with him and we have to run down every lead.

I said we are getting more crank letters and letters about other people who are going to be killed who are in high office, such as Senator Edward Kennedy, et cetera. I said one does not realize how many nuts are loose in this country until we have a case like this. The Attorney General said it brings them out. I said we have to be careful of all of them; that we take about three away a week who come to my office who complain about persecution and sometimes they are armed and we send them to the hospital and then they are sent to St. Elizabeth's and in two or three months they are back on the streets. The Attorney General said we are going to have to find new ways to deal with that problem as it is not effective now. I said it



June 20, 1968

is a problem for the psychiatrists but they are apparently doing little to cure them, but they are mentally unbalanced. The Attorney General said it is a public safety problem now. I said I do not favor the view that the country is depraved and all that. I said I think we have a great block of fine people in this country; that there may be some depraved citizens, but it is not a depraved society. The Attorney General said he thought there was too much emphasis today in the press that society is sick; that it is the fashionable thing to do.

I said I hoped the new Commission the President has appointed will keep a balanced viewpoint as to that because the other Commission went far astray in regard to white racism. I said there is racism but not as predominantly as the Kerner Commission found it to be. The Attorney General said he had never found it so. I said as an example take the meeting yesterday (Solidarity Day); that more than 50% of those who attended were white and it was not predominantly Negro. The Attorney General said that was surprising to him and he felt better to see it that way. I said this shows that white racism is not as predominant as we have been led to believe. I said I hope the Eisenhower Commission when they get around to their findings view it with an unemotional attitude. The Attorney General said there are some good people on the Commission. I said it seems it should be done without emotionalism or crying fire. I said I get annoyed with the editorials about our sick society as I do not believe there is such a thing in this country although there are some sick citizens. The Attorney General said that if I could make this point in the Law Enforcement Bulletin on the Director's page, he thought it would be helpful. I said I have been working on that just recently; that the idea was given to me by McGill of the Atlanta Constitution. I said he had a fine editorial about the attacks on the FBI because we had not found the King murderer after two months and the cracks that we were not trying to find him and then he quoted several verses of the Bible which portrayed Christ as not interested in the poor, but it showed again that there is always an effort to tear down and destroy. I commented that I thought there was a tendency to debunk our Patriots in history. I said it was that sort of thing that I thought drove President Johnson from running for a second term and the Attorney General agreed.



June 20, 1968

I mentioned the Students for a Democratic Society as a minority group dominating and the Attorney General said it was a tiny group. I said it is a bad group and it played a big part yesterday at this meeting as they attended but it was just like the Columbia University thing. I said that was staged b only about thirty individuals who closed the university which has thousands of students. The Attorney General said they are a pretty clever and effective group and have to be watched carefully. I said they are more effective than out and out communists. The Attorney General said they are doing more harm. I said they are moving into every area they can and we have been watching them closely and we have some good informants. The Attorney General said he thought that is really vital because they are a dangerous group.

The Attorney General expressed his appreciation and said he would keep me posted on this registration of guns.

Very truly yours,



OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



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HA HARREST TO SERVE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

1:05 PM

June 20, 1968

Mr. Gale

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. DE LOACH MR. BISHOP

I returned an earlier call from Attorney General Ramsey Clark." He stated that President Lyndon B. Johnson had decided he wanted to move very rapidly to favor a national registration of firearms and this morning asked him to draft a letter during the course of which it became clear that \Im he would probably want to mention the National Crime Information Center (NCIC). The Attorney General said they have drafted a letter that was sent over about 12:45 PM to the President and it mentioned the NCIC. The Attorney General said that they got the statistics from Supervisor Jerome J. Daunt on the number of stolen guns that are now in the computers, but they did not say directly that the new gun registration law would be put in there but as he, the Attorney General, has thought about it, it seemed to him perhaps the best technique would be to have the Department of Commerce handle the registration papers and provide us the registration data so it could be put into the NCIC so that then when any police department needed to identify any particular gun, they could do so through this service. The Attorney General said that would seem to him to keep us out of the business of having to register millions of guns and have the problems it would create; that it would seem easier to have the relistration handled elsewhere but for law enforcement purposes, it would seem much more efficient and effective to have the data for criminal investigation in the NCIC.

He said he had wanted my views informally before he sent the letter, but, unfortunately, the President was under such pressure he had to send it on over. I told the Attorney General I shared his view. The Attorney General also said they had gotten the murder, aggravated assault, and armed robbery figures for 1967, which have not really been released, and put them in the President's letter. I stated that was all right. The Attorney General said they indicated that these had just been supplied by the FBI and were now being released. I said I thought that in the next few days a formal release would be made. The Attorney General said he was sorry he was not able to check

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June 20, 1968

these out but he felt confident he was on the right track and now if we go forward with this, of course, it would be fantastic for Law Enforcement if we had all the guns registered and in the computers of the NCIC. He said that if each state had to do it, it would be so burdensome on a search and, besides, they would not do as good a job as some states would never get it done. I said that some would not have the facilities either.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director
Director

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

Mr. Cenrad ____ Mr. Filt

June 26, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. DE LOACH

Mr Blower

On May 8, 1968, I saw Mr. Lewis Rosenstiel, President and Chairman of the Board of Schenley Industries, and Mr. Louis B. Nichols, Vice President of Schenley Industries. They called to pay their respects and at the same time Mr. Rosenstiel indicated he was arranging to give \$1,000,000.00 to the John Edgar Hoover Foundation, which would be worked out in the near future. I expressed my appreciation for the same.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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DATE 5/20/82 RYSP-1 GSK/PSK

17.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

3:22 PM

July 9, 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. DE LOACH MR. BISHOP

Mr. Eegverv

I returned the call of yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Ernest W. McFarland in Phoenix, Arizona. Justice McFarland said he had written me a letter, but he wanted to call me. He said they were having a Judicial Conference there on the 14th and 15th of November, 1968, and they would like very much to have ne as a speaker. He said this would be before all the Judges in the State - the Superior Court Judges and the Court of Appeals as well as the Justices of the Supreme Court, and they would like (and he put this in his letter) me to discuss the uniformity or the lack of uniformity of sentencing in the administration of justice, particularly as a deterrent to crime or vice versa, and the broad subject as to probation or something along that line. I told him I would give it my earnest consideration; that I have been, of course, tied down here since the riots throughout the country. He said he knew that, but he hoped we can get the riots straightened out. He continued that he was coming back here this afternoon; that he did not know if he could do any good or not, but he is on the "crime commission," but he believes in action and he is going to recommend they make definite recommendations to the President for Washington, D. C. I stated that this ought to be the model city. He stated that is what he told the President, who told to tell him what to do and he will do it, but the President had the Honorable J. Edgar Hoover to tell him. what to do. I commented that there should be less talk and more action. Justice McFarland said that is what he is going to tell them.

I stated there are some definite things that could or should be done in regard to probation and sentencing and the matter of these so-called "copping of pleas" where they commit a crime and are allowed to be charged with a lesser crime. The Justice agreed.

He reiterated that he wanted me to please come out and I told him I would do everything I could. He stated we have had a lot of relations in the past and he would appreciate my coming out.

Justice McFarland said he did not know, at first he was going to stay over, but is coming back tonight, but he is willing to come back anytime the President gets some action, but if we wait until January 1st with this crime commission, it will be another report made in depth on certain different things which will be placed on the shelf and the new President can still do as he pleases. I said it will just be gathering dust. He said that is what he is going to tell them and he wished he had me to help him. I told him he could take care of it. He said maybe they will kick him out as he is just a country judge. I said we need more philosophy of the down-to-earth people and less psychology. He said that is what he thought.

He again asked if I would not please come out and I told him I would do my best to see if I could not work it out. Justice McFarland said I should have his letter and I told him it would probably reach me sometime today or tomorrow. I told him if I could break away from the "rat race" I would certainly try to do it. He commented that he thought it does us good to get away once in a while and I agreed as too often we get to thinking the whole country revolves around Washington. He stated he has been in nearly all the South American countries and around the world in the last two years and even behind the iron curtain and the headlines are all on what happens in Washington. I said it certainly ought to be the model of the country. He said that is what he told the President and he agrees. He said he would like to work with me if this outfit doesn't work out and see if we can't get it started. He said he did not know if he would stay on this thing if it is an in-depth study as he has been studying all his life. I said there is too much studying by commissions and no results. Justice McFarland said he wrote the Miranda opinion which the Supreme Court upset, but he is not going out and criticize the Supreme Court as he does the job as he sees it, but it was his opinion that they turned over. He said he thought he wrote it right and he still thinks so. I stated a great many people are differing with the views of the court these days very sincerely and it is not a question of personalities but because of a lack of knowledge and maturity upon the part of the judges. Justice McFarland said for me to use him as a sounding board and he will get my ideas across.

I told him I would be on the look out for his letter.

Justice McFarland asked if I would tell "these boys" out here to help him in anyway they can, as he did not want to embarrase them by asking but if I tell them, they would do it. I told him I would pass the word along to our men there.

Justice McFarland asked that I let him know in the next day or two and I told him I would try to do it. He said I could as I was a man of action and I commented that there were only twenty-four hours in the day though. Justice McFarland said he was majority leader here in Washington and he remembered me well and I was a man of action. I told him I recalled him well, but we have had these things like the Martin Luther King murder, the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy, and we have been involved in all of those cases and there is always another one popping up. I told him I would do my best to try and make it.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

C. FICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

July 12, 1968

HEREIN IS UNCLASSMENORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. DE LOAC DATE S/20/BZ BYSPIGGE/ACK

MR, DE LOACH MR. ROSEN

This morning the Attorney General called at my office and during the course of the conference, he referred in some detail to the plans for the removal of James Earl Ray from Great Britain to Memphis. Tennessee.

He told me that he had been advised that we were going to have four Agents accompany Ray. I told him it was my understanding that there would be three and also an Air Force physician. The Attorney General told me that he understood that we would deliver Ray to the Sheriff of Shelby County. Tennessee, and inquired whether that would be done at the airport or at the Shelby County Jail. I told him that I had indicated my desire that the transfer to the custody of the Sheriff of Shelby County be consummated at the Naval Airport as soon as the plane from Great Britain touched down and that from there on, the security and custody of Ray was the responsibility of the Sheriff of Shelby County. The Attorney General expressed some concern as to what might happen to Ray en route from the airport to the Shelby County Jail. He asked that this Bureau keep in touch with the situation so as to know of any intelligence that would be of value in preventing any overt act against Ray even after he is placed in the custody of the Sheriff of Shelby County at the airport.

He inquired of me as to the security of the jail at Memphis. I told him I understood that he, the Attorney General, had already sent representatives of the Prison Bureau to Memphis to inspect the jail and that they had and had indicated that it was secure. The Attorney General stated that he would prefer to have the FBI check the proposed arrangements at the jail and advise him of its security. Please see that immediate telephonic instructions are issued to the SAC at Memphis to contact the Sheriff of Shelby County and ascertain just exactly what his plans are for the incarceration of Ray and the security of the same. Our Agent in Charge should also ascertain what his plans are should Ray be turned over to him at the Naval Airport -namely, the number of guards that the Sheriff will have and other details concerning the transportation of Ray from the airport to the Shelby County Jail after we have turned Ray over to the Sheriff at the airport.

I indicated to the Attorney General that if the Air Force was going to send a plane from the United States to Great Britain to bring Ray back, the representatives of the Bureau who were to conduct Ray from Great Britain to the United States should be allowed to go over to Great Britain on the same plane that will be used for that purpose. The Attorney General indicated agreement with this suggestion.

At the time the Attorney General talked with me, I had not been advised of the details worked out by Mr. Rosen and Mr. Minnich with Assistant Attorney General Fred Vinson, but subsequent to the Attorney General's conference with me, a memorandum was received from Mr. Vinson setting forth the details which Mr. Vinson has worked out after consultation with Mr. Rosen and Mr. Minnich and I have sent this memorandum through with the indication that since representatives of the Bureau have already committed the Bureau to certain phases of the transportation of Ray, I was, consequently, bound by them; while I had not known of these commitments in advance and certainly would have made certain changes in them, I, nevertheless, would be bound by the commitments.

I think that in the future, it would be a great deal better for representatives of this Bureau conferring with Departmental representatives to make no commitments of an important character without first submitting such commitments to me for approval. It is embarrassing to learn from Departmental sources of commitments, some of which I had never even heard about before.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

1:12 PM

Mr. Chrad.,
Mr. Felt......

July 16, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP



Assistant Director Al Rosen returned my call to him. I told him that in talking with the Attorney General there were two problems. I stated it seems that Arthur Hanes, the lawyer, has been demanding of the Department of Justice that he be allowed to come back on the plane with James Earl Ray and I told the Attorney General I was absolutely opposed to that and it should not be allowed and he was going to have Assistant Attorney General Fred Vinson call Hanes and tell him.

I said that secondly, I would like Mr. Rosen to find out from Legal Attache John Minnich in London what happened today at the hearing in court so we will know exactly what the status is and if he, Minnich, thinks the plane should go over to England now and stand by -- whether the movement of Ray is infinitent. I stated if it were not going to be another week or ten days, there would be no reason to send it now, but if it were going to be in a few days, we would do it because we want to get the fellow out as fast as possible because Hanes apparently is going to London with the purpose of getting on the plane to return; that I did not think Hanes has any rights over in England, but he will probably try to put on a shyster act.

Mr. Rosen said that under normal conditions it takes 24 to 46 hours but under these circunstances the Home Secretary is going to keep it on his desk four days. Mr. Rosen said that Mr. Vinson was supposed to get in touch with the Minister who in turn would contact the Home Secretary and find out on an informal basis, and formally if necessary, just when the papers will be signed, assuming the final order will be put out on the 17th, which is the expiration of fifteen days. Mr. Rosen said that if that happens, the extradition order will be inmediately signed and then, according to Vinson's information which he gave us, the Air Force needs 24 hours. Mr. Rosen said my comment made it even more important that we find out where we stand.

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5/8/82, SEPICIPAL

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Rosen, Bishop

July 16, 1968

I told Mr. Rosen we want to get these men of ours aboard the plane to go over to England and if the Air Force needs 24 hours advance notice, if that is their procedure, we will have to adhere to it, but we do not want Ray sitting around waiting for the arrival of the plane; if the plane can go there and stand by there and be ready to take off, it would not be held up.

Mr. Rosen asked if I would suggest he touch base with the Department to see if they have made plans to see that we won't be in the middle on the diplomatic issues. I stated I did not want Minnich to take diplomatic action but I thought he might know what the situation is and get his feeling as to whether the plane should be going on over. Mr. Rosen said he would give me a rundown on this from Minnich.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

12:55 PM

July 16, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR BISHOP

Miss Gandy.....

I returned an earlier call from Attorney General Ramsey Clark. The Attorney General stated there were two developments in the James Earl Ray case. He stated he received a letter from or signed "Sneyd" which he thought he had mentioned to me the other day and it was fairly difficult to understand it, probably purposely so; then he, the Attorney General, received a letter from Arthur Hanes, the lawyer, on Friday or maybe it was Monday, and it referred to the earlier letter from Sneyd, or James Earl Ray, and said he was apprehensive about the return flight and requested permission to accompany Sneyd, or Ray, on the airplane. The Attorney General continued that Hanes had then called just before noon. The Attorney General stated that he has not been taking calls from him, but the man who had been taking the calls is out of town so he had his Executive Assistant, Sol Lindenbaum, take the call. Hanes said that he was en route to London leaving early in the afternoon and he was planning to waive extradition at this time and wanted to know whether he would be permitted to fly back on the plane with Sneyd, or Ray. Lindenbaum told Hanes that he had not talked this over with the Attorney General and he doubted very much that it would be possible, but if he would inquire later when he got to London, they would let him know.

The Attorney General stated he guessed this means two things: One, we will have to be prepared earlier than we thought to bring Ray back; and second, we need to make a decision as to whether we should permit Hanes to come on that plane.

I stated I did not think the latter ought to be done as he has no status

officially other than being his attorney!

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July 16, 1968

I stated bid

that Hanes, of course, is retained by him tentatively with the expectation of another lawyer, although I doubt Hanes will agree to that because knowing his make-up, he will want to run the case himself. The Attorney General commented that he would guess letting him on the plane would bring him closer to Ray and it would be more difficult for Ray to get another lawyer is he wanted one. I stated also that it would allow him to carry on about his conversation with Ray or bring an objection by Hanes of not talking to him; that in other words, at that time, Ray is in the custody of FBI Agents and I do not believe anybody should be allowed to sit down and have a long conversation with him and Hanes would try to do it.

I continued that there is no reason why he should worry about the plane flight; in other words, if he is afraid the plane is going to fall, Hanes can't stop it and if he is convinced somebody is going to talk to Ray and get information, he could make a disturbance on that although one of the four men on the plane is the Supervisor of the case who knows all the angles so if Ray volunteered anything, we would have somebody who knows all the aspects and after telling Ray of his rights, Ray could answer if he so desired, but we are instructing our man to make no effort to question him. I stated also that Hanes when he got back would give a long interview as to what transpired on the plane and we are trying to keep it as quiet as we can with no publicity either in London or Memphis. The Attorney General stated that, of course, he would be in the way.

I stated he would be in the way and I did not think he has any right to be on the plane. The Attorney General stated he could not imagine that he has any right and, in fact, he could not remember any case when we are transporting a prisoner where the lawyer is allowed to accompany him. I said no lawyer, relative, or anybody outside the immediate officials are allowed to go with the prisoner. The Attorney General said this would be a bad precedent. I said it would be a very bad precedent and no doubt would be brought up in future cases and it is such an outstanding case it would certainly be a precedent seized upon by others. I said I felt no representative

of the State of Tennessee should go along because there would be articles written or long interviews given about things that happened that never did happen, whereas with our own people, we have tight control and they won't say anything and we have indicated to the Sheriff in Memphis to keep his mouth shut, although I don't know if he will.

I told the Attorney General that I had sent him a memorandum on what the Sheriff's plans were in transporting Ray from the airport to jail; that I thought he had five armored cars and the officials, or officers, will be the same ones who will guard him in jail. I said they have also put up bullet-proof material in the cell block where he will be detained and there will be no other prisoners in the cell block, so I thought the security at Memphis was pretty well assured. I stated that as to the activity on the plane, I did not think there should be anybody on board; that, of course, the Air Force Doctor will be on board, but he is really a member of the crew and I thought it would be a bad precedent to set and with a fellow like Hanes, I thought it would be undesirable to make an exception, even if he were a high class person. The Attorney General said that if he were honorable, we might figure it would eliminate the question of coercion or force or anything. I said the doctor will be aboard, but he is an officer of the Air Force and, therefore, would be able to testify. I said the plan is to have Ray examined immediately upon boarding the plane at the airport in London before it takes off and before leaving the plane at the airport in Memphis. I said the Air Force doctor will do that.

The Attorney General said then that my feeling is that Hanes should be advised he may not come back on the plane and I told him I thought so definitely.

The Attorney General said they would tell him that and let me know, or perhaps Legal Attache Minnich in London would be the first to get the word, about the waiving of extradition and when he might be returned. I told the Attorney General that we would advise Minnich this afternoon that Hanes is going over to London.

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Rosen, Bishop July 16, 1968

The Attorney General asked if we had any fear of Klan infiltration in the Sheriff's Office in Memphis and I told him no. I told him that the Prison Bureau has two men down there who are instructing the guards who will have Ray in custody in jail as to how to handle the custody of a prisoner considered dangerous and apparently they are going into the technical aspects of it. I said we have looked the jail over and talked to the Sheriff as to his plans on the removal of the prisoner from the airport to jail and the transportation there if the Sheriff is going to handle this. I said we did not tell him he was going to, but learned how it would be done if he were going to do it. I said he has no idea, of course, when the fellow will be coming in nor do we at the present time.

I said I thought we ought to get the plane over to London as rapidly as possible even if it has to stand by over there so the minute the proceedings are over we can get him aboard and out, particularly in view of Hanes going over because we do not know what kind of motions he can file in the British courts, although I doubted he could do anything, because he will do everything he can to try to raise questions. I said our relations with the Home Office and Scotland Yard are such that they will see the situation as we do.

The Attorney General said that maybe he better have Assistant Attorney General Fred Vinson call Hanes now and tell him he will not be allowed to return on the plane before he gets to England. I told him I thought so as he may not go as it is an expensive trip and he has no cash yet from Ray so far as we know

and if Hanes does not have any cash yet, he may not spend more money to make the trip to London. I said that so far as Hanes knows, he may be ready to depart at any time and I thought the sooner we move the departure up, the better. The Attorney General agreed and said he was not sure we know enough now to send the plane over now. He said he did not know where it was and I told him the plane is at Andrews Air Base. The Attorney General said also that I would want to send my men in it too. I told him I did and we have four men available to go over. I told him the reason I knew the plane is here is because Vinson sent over word to Assistant Director Rosen this morning that he thought they should go look the plane over so I presume it is at Andrews now and is being kept there.

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Rosen, Bishop July 16, 1968

The Attorney General suggested that maybe I could find out from Mr. Minnich what happened at the hearing today and get his advice as to whether the plane should go over now. I told him I could do that.

The Attorney General said he had not talked to Assistant Attorney General Vinson and to let him talk to Vinson and then he would get back to me.

Very truly yours,

Chn Edgar Hoover Director



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20635

10:45 AM

July 17, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP



While talking to the Attorney General on another matter, I told him there were some developments in the James Earl Ray matter. I stated first that the airport from which we were going to leave in England is under repair so the plane will be leaving from a different airport called Lakenheath, which is near the other one and is perfectly satisfactory so far as we are concerned. The Attorney General asked if it were a public airport or a Royal Air Force airport and I told him it was a Royal Air Force airport.

I continued that we were told yesterday here in Washington that the Air Force was contemplating going to another field in Arkansas in case some emergency prevented their landing at Memphis. I stated we took the position this was most undesirable because it would involve the transportation of the prisoner from Arkansas to Memphis. The Attorney General stated there are all those bridges to cross, too. I stated also there was the matter of jurisdiction which would be raised. I stated we would not leave the plane if it had to land in Arkansas and just wait until the emergency was resolved and then take off for Memphis.

I said there is also complication in regard to the matter of a plane from here. I stated that Assistant Attorney General Fred Vinson yesterday indicated the Air Force indicated a plane might not be available in view of the President going to Honolulu and having to press a number of planes into service. I said there has been no further word this morning. I said this man can leave right now if we had the plane over there, but we have to wait and see what the Air Force is going to do and if they won't furnish a plane, we will have to charter a commercial plane. The Attorney General said he could not believe the Air Force does not have enough planes. I commented that it is ridiculous.

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Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Rosen, Bishop July 17, 1968

I told the Attorney General that confidentially, the Commandant of the Air Base in London when he was here last week was briefed and told the plane is standing by ready to take off without advance notice. I said this is highly confidential because the Commandant was told this by officers of the Air Force. I said I think they are playing games at the Air Force as they say we have to wait for the return of this Colonel Burleson (phonetic), who is the one Mr. Vinson has been dealing with and he is due back around noon today. I said at that time we will probably know more what the situation is because Ray has now signed the order waiving any appeal so he is ready to move as soon as we get a plane over there. The Attorney General said the Home Secretary has to sign the order. I said he had not yet but he would by noon today so that will clear all formalities, but Ray has already signed the paper he was supposed to sign waiving appeal.

The Attorney General said he would talk with Mr. Vinson, that Clark Clifford, Secretary of Defense, was out of the country. I said I thought it was a matter where he might talk to the highest official over there. The Attorney General said he was sure there was no problem. I said our men are ready to leave at a moment's notice and it should be possible to leave as soon as the Air Force gives clearance and be over in England by evening and be able to arrange to come back tomorrow.

The Attorney General said that the jail may not be ready down there yet, which would be another complicating factor. I told him we understood from our people in Memphis that they were ready as they had put in the bullet-proof shields, et cetera, the Sheriff had picked his squad, and he had five cars standing by in case they were needed.

The Attorney General said then he would talk with Mr. Vinson further and see if we can't move it out and thanked me for calling.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

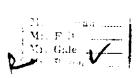




UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535



10:45 AM

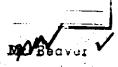
July17, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP



I called Attorney General Ramsey Clark and advised him there has been another shanghaing of a plane; that this morning we had word that a National Airlines plane from Los Angeles to Miami had been taken over by a person, presumably a Cuban, who had a gun at the head of the pilot. The plane had to land at New Orleans to refuel and the pilot radioed from his cockpit that this man was obviously quite dangerous and had a hand grenade and a revolver which he would use if there were any effort made to board the plane as he would no doubt kill the pilot and possibly blow up the plane. I told the Attorney General that we, of course, met the plane when it came in and the Cuban had given instructions to the pilot to notify the airport that only a gasoline truck should approach the plane and no one else should endeavor to come to the plane or he would shoot the pilot. I told the Attorney General that the plane was refueled, that there are 115 passengers and 6 crew members aboard, and after refueling the plane took off for Havana and was due to arrive there about eleven o'clock.

The Attorney General remarked that this was a rough one and the man really made his mistake by moving before the last stop. I commented that I guess he felt the grenade was enough to blow up the plane and, therefore, the pilot would not allow any risk. I told the Attorney General that we had contemplated doing the same thing we did at El Paso several years ago when a plane was shanghaied when we shot the tires out by rifle fire. I said I did not authorize that this morning because of the hazards at the airport. The Attorney General said there were so many people, too. I stated I felt it was unwise to risk it although it would have prevented the plane from taking off but he may have exploded the grenade.

Very truly yours,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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1) ATE 6/1/BZ BY SPIGGE/BY

John Edgar Hoover Director



10:09 a.n..

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

August 15, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR. SULLIVAN

Mr. William Connell, Executive Assistant to the Vice President, returned my call. I told him I was out of town when he called last week and I wanted to return his call.

Mr. Connell thanked me for calling and stated what he had called about was that he had talked to the Vice President about the team I sent into the convention area in 1964 that was so helpful. He stated he was hoping perhaps I might be able to do the same thing for the Vice President out in Chicago and have my men directly in contact with him (Connell).

I advised Mr. Connell that I had already initiated that and that he will be supplied by Special Agent in Charge Marlin Johnson in Chicago; that any kind of assistance he wants to just let Mr. Johnson know and he will take care of it.

Mr. Connell thanked me and said he will tell the Vice President.

10:15 a.m.

24833

I called SAC Marlin Johnson in Chicago and told him I had just talked to Mr. William Connell, Executive Assistant to the Vice President, and what he wanted to have done was an operation similar to what we did down at Atlantic City at the last Democratic Convention when Mr. Johnson was running for renomination. I explained that he would like to have us furnish the same type of information and be in contact with him, Connell, on any so-called intelligence we might get. I stated I told Mr. Connell we would do that and that SAC Johnson would be in contact with Connell and anything he wanted to let Johnson know. I told Mr. Johnson we are not going to get into anything political but anything of extreme action or violence contemplated we want to let Connell know.

Mr. Johnson stated he would get in touch with Mr. Connell promptly and set it up. I told Mr. Johnson that Connell is presently in

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

DATE 6/1/BZ WSP-1 GSE/BSE

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Bishop, Sullivan

August 15, 1968

New York. Mr. Johnson said he would probably be out in Chicago early next week.

Mr. Johnson stated that things look a little tense out there, and I said I think we are going to have some trouble. I stated we want to be thoroughly prepared that we plug every possible hole we can plug to have coverage. I said I wrote a memo to the Attorney General (Ramsey Clark) yesterday about his failure to approve wire taps out there but I didn't think it will have any effect but that we want to try to cover it as well as we can; that if anything goes wrong, we will be blamed.

Mr. Johnson stated we have what he believes is excellent coverage of that area and he believes we will be in a position to furnish Mr. Connell, the Secret Service and local authorities intelligence concerning the kooks coming in from outside and the troublemakers there.

I remarked that I didn't know if the President is going out there but, if he does, that will add trouble to the demonstrations. Mr. Johnson agreed and stated the area is extremely tense.

Mr. Johnson said he appreciated my call and that he will be in touch with Mr. Connell just as soon as he comes to Chicago.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

10:39 a.m.

August 22, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR. ROSEN

Mr. DeLoach called to advise that I might want to personally call the Postmaster General, W. Marvin Watson, to advise him that the jewelry which had been stolen from Postmaster General and Mrs. Watson in March of this year, while they were staying in the Waldorf Towers in New York, had been located. Mr. DeLoach advised that the daughter of a hotel burglar had tried to pawn this jewelry in West Palm Beach, Florida.

Mr. DeLoach said this jewelry had a sentimental value to the Watson's and that he would be pleased to hear that it had been located.

I advised Mr. DeLoach that I would immediately call the Postmaster General.

10:43 a.m.

I called Postmaster General Marvin Watson and told him that I wanted to get word to him that we have the jewelry that was stolen from him in New York. I told him that a woman had tried to pawn the jewelry in West Palm Beach and that she was now in custody. The jewelry is being sent up to Washington for Mr. Watson to identify.

Mr. Watson was quite pleased and stated that he could have nothing but a good day now. He was most appreciative of my call.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/82 BYSO/GSK/84

UNLIED STATES DEPARTMENT O. JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

11:11 a.m.

August 23, 1

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. GALE

MR. SULLIVAN

Mr. Tavel

Mr. Taver

Tele, Rom

Miss H imes

Miss Gandy

Judge Edward A. Tamm called to bring to my attention a telephone number, 522-0336. He said he thought it would be of interest to me and perhaps the White House would be interested in it.

Judge Tamm stated when you dial this number you get a tape recording of reasons why Abe Fortas should not be appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and the announcement at the end that a new statement of reasons will be broadcast on Saturday. Judge Tamm said he thought I might want to check it and I might want to pass it on. I said yes, indeed. He repeated the number, 522-0336, and I stated I would check on that right away.

Judge Tamm said he understood this exchange is down in Virginia - Fairfax. He said he had checked it again this morning and they were still broadcasting it. He said he was not for Fortas but this is pretty low. I said yes. He advised that they mention Harry Dexter White, Lattimore, and Alger Hiss. I said that is about as low as you can get.

I told Judge Tamm I would check on this and thanked him for calling. Mr. Gale has been instructed to check into this.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/82BY SPIGSK/PSK



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

3:44 p. m.

September 6

ALL INFORMATION WOON TANDED FOR MR. TOLSON HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/82 BYSD-1050/05

MR. DE LOACH MR. BISHOP

MR. ROSEN

Mr. Callahan. Mr. Conrad. Mr. Felt Mr. Rosen. M 968 lilivan Mr. Trotter. Tele. Room. Miss Holmes Miss Gandy.

called from Los Angeles and stated from the bottom of his heart he wanted to say thank you to me. He said his wife joined in everything he was about to say and would be there to thank me personally except she was at the doctor's. stated my organization is something I must be very, very proud of; that he knows at first hand what they did there in working with him; they kept him like a ramrod in the way they handled him; that what they did in the field was beyond description. He stated he knew this was with my guidance; that they told him I was on the phone.

I told Mr. it was nice of him to call me; that it is our duty to respond in cases like that.

stated that he had the pleasure of meeting me a couple of years ago at Del Mar with Jimmy Durante. He said he was highly honored to meet me then and it was a greater honor to thank me now.

praised the work of the Los Angeles agents and stated the FBI is the best in the field; that the difference between the local police force and the FBI in the way they conducted themselves was so apparent to the men who were in his home during this time; that these men say he held his end up by staying with the plan but the agents working with him directly were the ones that just handled him perfectly, told him things but things that would get he should know that would help him excited they kept from him and he learned about them later. He said the things they did will serve as a deterrent in the future.

said when he gets through with the TV stations! He stated he is going to file a complaint with the FCC concerning what Channel 7 did. I told him we often have the same thing happen in other cases. He said if someone will have the courage and he has the willingness, maybe they will take a lesson not to interfere again. I said they fail to consider the safety of the victim. He said they totally disregarded that. He described the problem he had with the Channel 7 station wagon and I said it was outrageous.

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Bishop, Rosen

•••

September 6, 1968

Mr. said his only thought is to save others from being exposed to such treatment by TV people. He stated I might be interested in knowing the president of ABC called him and he gave him (ABC president) the coldest shoulder of his

during the convention; that TV did everything to degrade the police. He remarked you would think they would be the first who would want law and order for the protection of their own property. I said we are investigating this now and will come up with a report in due time. I described some of the things the people in Chicago did which were not shown on TV. Mr. asked why, and I answered just because TV people are only interested in sensational demonstrations and often stir it up themselves just for a scene. Mr. said he can't help but believe they are politically motivated; that he wouldn't say the Republican National Committee would do it but they didn't do it in the other convention in Miami.

Mr. stated he couldn't praise too highly from the Special Agent in Charge, Mr. Grapp, on down - they risked their lives. He said his wife and he are deeply grateful; that she would like to have an opportunity to call me next week. I said I would be happy to talk to her.

Mr. said he had stayed out of the press except to praise the FBI and one television interview but, when he goes to work on the television people, he thinks I will be highly pleased with what he has to say about the FBI. He said what he wants to do is set it up so other TV stations will realize they are going to bring the wrath of public opinion on them.

I thanked Mr. for calling me. He stated I have the finest organization in the world: that we saved the life at the risk of the lives of our people. He said it was a tribute to be able to say it to me personally because I have trained them and they were a tribute to me.

I said it was mighty nice of him to call. He said when he does come into town, he might have the pleasure of seeing me in person. I said by all means drop in and see me. He thanked he for taking his call.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

September 16,

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

Mr. Tolson. Mr. DeLose

I am particularly disappointed in the manner in which the material for my use before the Eisenhower Commission and the report on the Chicago riots has been prepared. Obviously there has not been the aggressive and intensive supervision which should have been attached to these matters. I know of nothing in the Bureau's responsibilities that has been more important than the prompt, correct and accurate preparation of this material.

Yet many matters had been left out of the material that obviously should have been included in its original preparation. There was no reference in the material for my use before the Eisenhower Commission to the Youth International Party known as Yippies, notwithstanding the particularly active participation in this group by Jerry Rubin. Likewise, there was not included in the monograph to be sent to the Department and the White House some violent statements made by Rubin indicating the need to resort to force and violence. The latest statistics on crime for the first six months of the current calendar year were not included in the material for the Eisenhower presentation. No reference was made to the activities of Dellinger in the material for the Eisenhower Commission notwithstanding that this individual participated in and led the movement against the Pentagon some months ago and was particularly active in the violent demonstrations in Chicago. No reference was made to the fact that Rudd, the leader of the demonstrations at Columbia University, was likewise in Chicago and took a most active part in the hostile confrontation against the police.

I could cite a number of other salient matters that were over-looked or ignored in the inclusion of material for my use before the Eisenhower Commission. As a matter of fact, had it not been for the recollections of Mr. Tolson and myself from various memoranda in the past which have come through and from the clippings of newspapers we would have been without some of the most pertinent material that materially strengthens the presentation before the Eisenhower Commission.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/82 BY SP. 1 GS X/PSX

I have also been most concerned at the lack of aggressive preparation of the monograph and the handling of the reports on the Chicago riots. I have in mind particularly the fact that the bottleneck in Washington in handling this material was not recognized until Friday of last week even though it was reasonable to anticipate that the same would develop in view of the volume of reports to be handled. When it was finally recognized, it took a whole day for a one-page memorandum to come through the Bureau to reach my office at 4:30 p.m., though it started in the General Investigative Division before 9:00 a.m. It remained in some divisions several hours before being cleared for action. As I have indicated, it could have easily been anticipated that this bottleneck would occur and request for additional personnel, both agent and clerical, could have been made a number of days before. The Administrative Division could not act until after it had been approved by me and, as I have indicated, I did not receive it until 4:30 p.m. This certainly shows a lethargy throughout the Bureau in the handling of a very simple but certainly urgent request.

There does not seem to have been recognition by all officials in charge at headquarters handling these matters the seriousness of the same nor the impact of our failure to produce adequate information promptly and completely. I understand that even now the monograph on the Chicago situation has not yet gone forth to the Department nor to the White House largely because it did not have in it some of the items which I specifically asked about this morning. I want an immediate correction of this indifference upon the part of the officials charged with the primary responsibilities in the handling of this material.

I also want a report on each Monday and Thursday of exactly what progress we are making in completing the Chicago investigation and the prompt transmission of material pertaining thereto to the Department and to the U. S. Attorney at Chicago. I fear here again it has been allowed to drag without prompt and incisive action by officials at headquarters.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICES

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 29535

2:57 p.m.

September 17, 1968

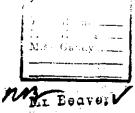
MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN



Mr. Charles S. Murphy called from the White House and stated he wanted to thank me for my letter about protection for widows of former presidents and then wanted to pursue the subject with me a little.

He stated he thinks President Johnson is inclined to feel the law should be amended to provide protection for widows of former presidents as long as the widows live and he would gather from my letter that I think so too. I replied I would think so; I would think in setting an arbitrary date they would end in having to go back and extend it again.

Mr. Murphy asked, if the President should decide to seek legislation that would provide protection for widows of former presidents for an extended time, might they hope to get another letter from me. I said yes, I would be very happy to. He said then suppose he pursues it with the President and, if the President does decide to go in that direction, they can get another letter from me. I said fine.

We then discussed my appearance before the Eisenhower Commission tomorrow morning. Mr. Murphy said he hoped I was going to have all the solutions to the problem. I advised him that I am stressing very strongly the permissiveness that has shocked the country, and he said he thought I was quite right to do that. I told him I sent over to the White House today the summary on the Chicago situation. He told me he had the privilege of looking at that and he thinks it is a splendid document and is sad because it is not public. I suggested that maybe it will come out through the grand jury in Chicago; that I had turned over a copy to the U. S. Attorney there but I didn't know what would come of it; and that I didn't know what the Department would do with it. I stated that I had first thought of turning it over to the Eisenhower Commission but then I thought that would be unwise.

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Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Bishop, September 17, 1968 Rosen, Sullivan

Mr. Murphy remarked that the general public had a very distorted picture from television and I agreed that it was very bad. He stated he thought they should have a balanced picture from the other side; that he doesn't know how it is to be done. I said I thought the public had been mislead.

Mr. Murphy said he had not been able to read the summary word for word but he had scanned it, read some of it with very great interest and he thought it was just fine. I said it was nice of him to say that and thanked him.

I told Mr. Murphy to call on me again if he needed me. He thanked me and said he would do it.

Yery truly yours,

an Edgar Hoover



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

11:49 a.m.

September 20, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON V

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

d said, for what

Chief Postal Inspector H. B. Montague called and said, for what it's worth, he just wanted me to know they stand with me 100%. He said when you go up before anybody or testify these days, if you stand for what's right, some people smear you all over the place and they know that. I said that's time.

I told Chief Montague that I certainly appreciated his calling. He said they are glad there is somebody like me who can stand up and talk and have an impact on these people. I said I thought the time had come for this. He said they agree with me and, if there is anything they can do, they want me to call on them. I said that certainly was good of him and I thanked him for calling.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS LINCT ASSISTED

DATE GILBRBY SAIGNABLE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

3:14 p.m.

September 19, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

called and stated he wanted to thank me for my fair and impartial testimony of yesterday. He said it was really heartwarming to them in Chicago and he wanted to convey that to me.

I told him it was kind of him to call and I thought it was time for someone to speak out. He stated mine is a voice that is heard in every corner of the earth and they are indebted to me.

said he wanted me to know, too, of the wonderful, wonderful cooperation and tremendous rapport that exists between our Chicago Office, SAC Marlin C. Johnson, and the Chicago Police Department. I said I was glad to hear that; that we want to work hand in hand with them; and that it makes our job easier when we have the cooperation of police departments. He said well, I certainly do have theirs. I thanked him.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

DATE 6/1/82 BY 54/ GSK/ASK



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

10:54 a.m.

October 2, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON.

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

Assistant Director Thomas E. Bishop returned my call. I advised him that I had just finished a conference with here in Washington. Mr. Bishop stated he was familiar with his name. I said I first knew back in high school.

I advised Mr. Bishop that they came in to see me about a situation he is facing; that he very likely will be named

and he is concerned about the matter of trouble arising here as a result of the hippies, etc., as they have announced they intend to cause trouble during the inauguration. He wanted to know first whether I thought they should have the should have and I told him I thought it would be a great mistake not to have one as there would be a lot of complaints and it would be like throwing up their hands and giving in.

I told Mr. Bishop that, secondly, wanted to know what, if any, help we could be to him that I would designate Mr. Bishop to be the liaison with him and I would arrange that there would be funneled to him the intelligence information that comes to us as to any action that would be taken by militants in this connection. Mr. Bishop stated they already have preliminary information which can be given as soon as he contacts Mr. Bisnop.

I advised Mr. Bishop that I told to get in touch with Chief of Police Layton as to the actual policing as we could not help in that.

I instructed Mr. Bishop to impress upon that everything we furnish him is confidential and is just for him.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED 11 6/1/30 BY SP. 1 CSYPSK

Very truly yours,

ohn Edgar Hoover

Director



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

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October 15, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR Beaver

On October 2, 1968, I saw accompanied by many years standing.

who was is a friend of mine of

what, if any, assistance the FBI could be to him concerning potential violence that might take place in this city during that time.

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I told him we, of course, have intelligence dealing with the militant groups which bring about demonstrations and disturbances, and if he is selected. I would arrange for him to be placed in touch with Assistant Director Thomas E. Bishop, who could pass on to him any confidential information that would be pertinent to his duties.

I called Mr. Bishop by phone and advised him of this development.

Very truly yours,

i June

John Edgar Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/82 BY SP. CSYPSE.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

11:10 AM

October 29, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON/

MR. DE LOACH MR. SULLIVAN MR. BISHOP

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Senstor Frank J. Lausche (D. - Ohio) called. He said that first of all, he admired me more and more every day for my tenacity in standing up for what is right. I told him I appreciated that very much.

Senator Lausche said that he is an advisor to a trust estate in which he is permitted to designate the grant of \$10,000 to whomever he chose and whom he believes to be a vigorous worker opposing socialism and communism. He said there are other trustees who have similar rights. He continued that Alice Widener is one of his present selectees; that he did not designate her last year but he thought she has been doing a marvelous job in exposing what is in the making. He said his call is to inquire if I have any organizations in mind, or any of my staff might know, which are carrying on a fight against communism, that I could suggest.

I told him there is one, although I hesitate to mention it because it happens to be named after me, and that is the John Edgar Hoover Foundation. I said it has been in existence for about three or four years and just received a grant last week of a million dollars. I said they have been carrying on a campaign to educate and give seminars at the Freedoms Foundation in Valley Forge. I said the John Edgar Hoover Foundation finances sending there during the summer many of our teachers in public schools to give them a background on what communism is and Americanism is. I said I have always felt that we should be positive in presenting what communism is so people will know what it is and not talk in generalities, and, secondly, what the merits of Americanism are and what the Republic stands for. I said that is one Foundation that I know what it has been doing and is doing. The Senator asked me the title of it again and I told him the John Edgar Hoover Foundation. He asked where it was located and I told him it was chartered in the District of Columbia. He asked if Washington is where the office is and I told him it was. He also asked if the Foundation sponsors the Freedoms Foundation gatherings at Valley Forge and I told him that the Freedoms Foundation gathering at Valley Forge has a complex setup of libraries and other functions and the John Edgar Hoover Foundation is the one

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DATE GIIBZ BYSPICSKIBK

October 29, 1968

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Sullivan, Bishop

that finances the particular training in regard to communism and also the positive values of Americanism. The Senator said good and it may be that some one of the other seven trustees in addition to himself may have in mind this organization as a part of the grant, but is there any other organization I might have in mind. I told him I had no other organization in mind that is fighting communism. I commented that of course Honorable Herbert Hoover did a great deal when he was living in connection with the situation at Palo Alto, Calitornia, but it fell into left-wing hands and he told me personally before he died that he was displeased with some of the things they were doing. The Senator inquired if that was at Stanford and I told him it was at Palo Alto. I said the former President was very much displeased with some of the things that were being done as they had a slant contrary to his philosophy.

The Senator commented good enough and he would keep this in mind and as they discuss the matter, he will probably suggest a part of it to my organization, but he did not want to feel as if he were committed until he hears what the general discussions are. I told him I understood and if there were any further information he might want, to let me know and I would be glad to furnish it. The Senator thanked me.

He inquired whether I have followed the Widener articles in Barron's and her recent ones on student violence. I told I have and she has written very well. I commented that the great trouble today is that the good writers, and there are really few of them who are sound, as most are in left field like Pearson and Anderson, but the good writers cannot get their material printed. I told the Senator I was told the other day by a publisher what happens is a newspaper like the Washington Post will buy a column, but they don't have to print it and no other paper in the area can print it. The Senator said it is a shut out and I agreed. I said therefore a lot of columnists have trouble getting printed, and I know one, Ruth Alexander, who writes a good column but she has great difficulty in getting it carried in any large newspaper. I said they will buy it but not print it.

Senator Lausche said many are having that trouble and mentioned Ed Mowery and I said he was a good man. The Senator also mentioned

October 29, 1968

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Sullivan, Bishop

Alexander Holmes. I stated there are a number being frozen out by leftwing individuals like Reston of the New York Times and people like that freeze out the sound Americans and then you see, these papers are used in the colleges, universities, and schools and that is where we are getting poisoned.

Senator Lausche said it was a delight to talk to me and wished me good health and best wishes and I thanked him.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE '

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 28535

SEC Mr. Comad...

October 29, 1968

10:15 AM

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

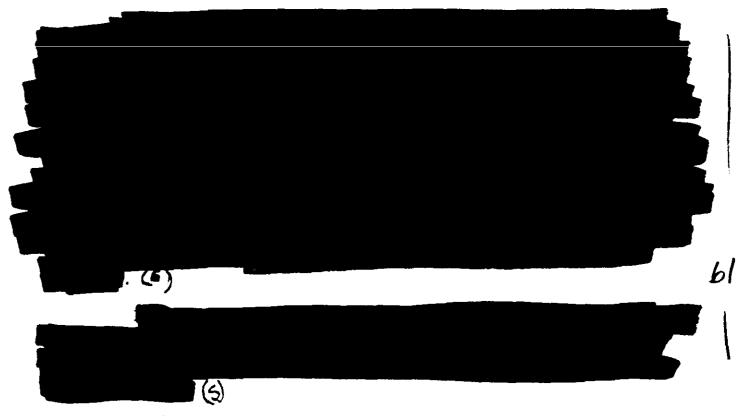
MR. DELOACH

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. BISHOP

He advised

Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach called. He advised that Bromley Smith called him on the White House direct line. Mr. DeLoach stated that Smith is a foreign intelligence advisor of the President along with Walt Rostow and took McGeorge Bundy's place.



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Francon-FOLM 11, 1- 1- 3 10
4/1/82

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

SECKET

CLASSIFIED BY



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASRINGTON, D.C. 20535

4:40 PM

November 18, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. DE LOACH

Mr. John Mitchell, Special Assistant to President-elect Richard M. Nixon, called from New York. Mr. Mitchell asked if the letter that the Attorney General wrote to me had come to my attention on the security clearances and I told him it had. He made reference to paragraph 2 and asked if Mr. DeLoach would be my choice and I told him it would be my choice as he is Assistant to the Director and the one who has been handling matters in the past and the one to whom material should be going for clearance here. Mr. Mitchell said if that were my decision it is fine.

Mr. Mitchell then referred to paragraph 6. He said this matter has come up and he has talked to Honorable Marvin Watson about it and the procedure is to be altered; in other words, all of these security investigations, conclusions, are to be sent to Dick Nixon; if they were to designate somebody to work with the Administration on classified materials and as a courtesy, otherwise, then they will be sent to Marvin Watson and handled through the White House and the appropriate bureaus - the point being, until the President-elect has made a designation, they do not want security clearances to go to the White House, the Attorney General, or anybody else. He asked if that were appropriate and I told him they would be handled accordingly.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

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DATE 6/1/82 BY SOLICIAL PSA

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9:50 AM

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

November 19, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON / MR. DE LOACH

Mr. Frank Lincoln, who is handling the transition from the Johnson Administration to the Nixon administration, called. He said he was sorry he did not come to me directly but thought he could not do that in view of the fact that Charles Murphy wanted to go through the Attorney General, and then asked if I had a copy of the letter he had sent. I told him I did. He said that in regard to paragraph 2, the question was whether or not (Cartha D.) DeLoach is the man I want and I stated I had indicated it was. Mr. Lincoln said the reason he was asking is because he was going to see Murphy and he wanted to clear it with me.

He continued that in regard to paragraph 6, it was his understanding that all reports would come directly to the Nixon people and he understood that was agreeable. I told him it was entirely agreeable as Mr. John Mitchell had talked to me about it yesterday. Mr. Lincoln said that was fine and asked if there was any problem with the Attorney General and I told him there was not, that no copies would go to him or anybody else but directly to Nixon. Mr. Lincoln said that was fine and he was looking forward to meeting me one of these days. I told him if I could be of any assistance to let me know. He said he thought he could now and he would be happy to.

Very truly yours,

John Bigar Hoover Director

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION,

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

2:26 PM

November 25, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON / MR. DE LOACH MR. GALE

Mr. Henry R. McPhee of President-elect Richard M. Nixon's staff called locally. He stated he was going to serve as part of the transition operation for Mr. Nixon and is working with H. R. Haldeman and Harry Fleming (phonetic), and one thing he apparently will have the entire responsibility for is personnel security and this means investigations by my fabulous agency. He said he did want to talk to me briefly and then set up liaison as I deem appropriate. He stated he would be working here in his office and then he will be having an office and a secretary in that building opposite the White House, the one where offices are being assigned for the President-elect.

Mr. McPhee said he would do anything I want, but it might be that I may want to have one person assigned to perform liaison and he would have one place to call when they would want to get an investigation started. I said the man who has handled that in the past and whom I designated in my recent discussion with Mr. John Mitchell in New York, is Mr. Cartha D. DeLoach, Mr. McPhee said he remembered him. I said Mr. DeLoach is an Assistant to the Director and handles all the clearances and checks that are made on those highly confidential positions. I said the thing to do would be to set up an arrangement whereby Mr. McPhee would call his, DeLoach's, office or send any messages he might have directly to Mr. DeLoach's office and they would immediately initiate the handling of the investigation. I said Assistant Director James H. Gale is the one directly responsible for expediting and seeing that these things are promptly handled in the field. I said the sooner they can be initiated, the quicker they will be done. Mr. McPhee said he agreed and they are casting a tremendous burden on the Bureau. I said a number of these people will probably have contacts and references we will have to check in four or five places in the country as they may be associated in business or a profession on the West Coast, the Midwest, and here in Washington, so the sooner we can get started, the sooner we can get the responses back to him. Mr. McPhee agreed.

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Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Gale

November 25, 1968

He continued that he would have them get a lock-safe for the office over in the other building so they would have double security. He said they apparently are going to want him to review these in the first instance so the reports will be coming to him and not to New York, as he understands today.

I stated that as I understood it two weeks ago, the arrangement was that the reports were to go directly to the President-elect. I stated I did not object to that but questioned the wisdom of it in view of the volume and delay in getting them to New York. Mr. McPhee said he raised this question today. He said we may get a couple of wires crossed before we get it settled, but before he called me he had said he wanted to know for a fact that this is the way this is to be done and that everybody understands in New York and Washington and when he got over there today and talked to Harry Fleming he said he had called and New York said this was it. He continued that he would make sure that we do not get anything unwired on that. He asked if it was John Mitchell who told me this, and I told him it was the President-elect himself when I was in conference in New York with Mr. Nixon, Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Haldeman. I said my understanding at that time was that as a result of a conference with the Attorney General down here, which I objected to and

which they concurred in and I later took up with President Johnson, the reports were to be sent to an Agent down the line who has no direct responsibility for it and copies of those reports would probably have gone to the Attorney General, but the President-elect did not want that and I likewise objected because I thought they should go to the President-elect or his personal representative.

I stated we have two cases at the present time of two men working at the Pentagon from Nixon headquarters and those requests were made by the Secretary of Defense for security clearances and I have not disseminated the reports yet because I was waiting as I did not think they would want all this material to be sent into New York for the President-elect to look at because I knew he did not have the time. I said I was glad they have now decided to designate him, McPhee, to handle this rather irksome but most important task.

Mr. McPhee said he would backtrack and make certain this is understood by Haldeman, Mitchell, and Nixon because what Mr. Nixon wants is what will be done. He said he thought he had covered that but he will make

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Gale

November 25, 1968

certain. I said I would if I were he because the instructions were very specific to me about it and I did not raise the question that day because I thought it was too early to go into the details of how we were going to work because of the volume I knew would be forthcoming as he will be having them for all the Federal Judges to be appointed, the United States Attorneys and United States Marshals to be appointed in addition to the "little Cabinet" and the members of the Cabinet. I said they did not discuss that that day or how they were going into the checking of them. I said under the Eisenhower Administration, before he came in as President and while he was President-elect, he sent for me to go to New York to see him as I had asked for an appointment because one person appointed but not checked was to be a White House aide and had a bad record as a homosexual and he was the son of a prominent Senator and when I told the President-elect about it, he was astounded. I told him that this showed the wisdom of getting these people checked so they can find any black shadow in the picture before they make a public announcement, so then Eisenhower arranged for each member of his Cabinet, after the designation and before the formal announcement, to call and ask for a check to be made of them. I said this took away the idea they were being checked for security by asking for it themselves and it relieved the President of that responsibility. I said whether Presidentelect Nixon would want that with the higher members of the Cabinet, I do not know but he, McPhee, may want to talk to New York about it.

Mr. McPhee said it was his understanding that he wants to have everybody checked. I stated I thought that was good because you may have a conflict of interest or individuals who have members of the family who may be involved in trouble with the Government such as antitrust or something, so if you check all of them, you are pretty safe from having anything break on you as we have so many coyotes like Drew Pearson around and I think it is a safety precaution. Mr. McPhee said he agreed. He commented that they really did that toward the end of the Eisenhower Administration and he thought they had a good system with no backfire and I said none after being saved from the one I spoke to the President-elect about and prevented what would have been an embarrassing situation. Mr. McPhee said that where they run into sensitivity is where it is somebody right out of Congress. I said they are very sensitive as

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Gale

November 25, 1968

they never know what they are being investigated for unless they individually ask for it and by asking personally it relieves that embarrassment, but when President Johnson came in he brought in Walter Jenkins and he later had a bad scandel as the fellow was arrested here in Washington and he had not been checked by anybody, but Johnson vouched for him, but it goes to show how one can burn his fingers.

I said if he, McPhee, would check back and finds it along the lines I hope it will be, then we will have liaison working as fast as he wants to start. Mr. McPhee asked me for the complete name of Mr. DeLoach and said he remembered the name and had met him. He continued that Mr. Gale is under Mr. DeLoach and would actually supervise the operation and I told him that was correct.

Mr. McPhee said there was one thing he wanted to get straight and that was that they would get these not in report form but summary form, and I told him that was right. Mr. McPhee said this was one thing that was changed while he was in the White House and it was of tremendous help, although he knew the burden to me, but the summaries were helpful. Mr. McPhee said he would talk to Mr. DeLoach and I told him I would speak to Mr. DeLoach also and tell him he would get a call from Mr. McPhee. I told Mr. McPhee to call on me if I can help in any way and he thanked me.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

TOS V

November 29, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

Burn

On July 12, 1968, the Attorney General called at my office accompanied by Mr. John E. Ingersoll. The Attorney General advised me that Mr. Ingersoll was being appointed Director of the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs in the Department of Justice. The Attorney General expressed himself as being hopeful that Mr. Ingersoll's Bureau might develop the same efficiency and morale as the FBI.

I made no comment.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

HEREINIS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/82 BY SPICKER



In Reply, Please Refer to

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

No. Corrad

November 29, 1968

MEMORANDUM TO MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CASPER

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

MISS HOLMES

RE: CLERICAL TOUR LEADER TRAINING

Periodically, I have instructed that you afford your personal attention to the recommending of qualified male clerical employees for tour training so that an adequate staff can be maintained.

In the future, you should only recommend those young men possessing the minimum physical requirements for the Special Agent position.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/1/82 BYSPIGSKESE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

10:12 AM

December 2, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. DE LOACH

Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach called. He said following up on my instructions to him last Friday, he had tried to get in touch with Henry R. McPhee, who apparently was not in town over the weekend, but he called Mr. McPhee this morning and told him he was simply following up to see if we could be of any assistance to him.

Mr. DeLoach said that Mr. McPhee stated he had meant to call Mr. DeLoach, but there is still a little confusion existing and he had called New York this morning and talked to Mr. John Mitchell, on President-elect Richard M. Nixon's staff, and Mr. Mitchell told Mr. McPhee that Presidentelect Nixon desires to deal with me directly regarding the ordering of the investigations and receiving the results of those investigations with respect to the Cabinet; that below the Cabinet, Mr. McPhee will get the orders to Mr. DeLoach, who will return the results to Mr. McPhee directly. I asked Mr. DeLoach if this was in accordance with Mr. Mitchell's desires. Mr. DeLoach said this is what Mr. McPhee thinks and it is what he got from his conversation with Mr. Mitchell, but Mr. McPhee was ordered by Mr. Mitchell to prepare a memorandum this morning and get it to New York to the President-elect and Mr. Mitchell. Mr. McPhee asked Mr. DeLoach if there was anything in writing which might give him some insight on how to handle this and Mr. DeLoach told him that I had sent him to the White House four years ago at the request of President Johnson to make a survey and after about one week, a report, which I had approved, was sent covering the results of the survey and Mr. DeLoach felt sure I would have no objection to Mr. McPhee seeing a copy. I told Mr. DeLoach this was all right. Mr. DeLoach stated the report does not name names but merely set up the procedure. I stated this was all right. Mr. DeLoach said he would get it to Mr. McPhee within the hour, but this was how we stand now and he had wanted to alert me as President-elect Nixon will probably be calling me regarding the Cabinet.

Very truly yours,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HATTLE WILLIAM RESPONDENCES

John *Idgar Hoover Director



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

December 2, 1968

MEMORANDUM TO MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CASPER

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

MISS HOLMES

RE: FIELD INSPECTORS' CONFERENCE JANUARY 6 - 7, 1969

A Field Inspectors' Conference has been scheduled for all Inspectors and Permanent Aides for January 6 and 7, 1969, starting at 9:00 a.m., in Room 5231, Department of Justice Building. The objective of this conference will be to tighten and streamline inspection procedures and to exchange observations, suggestions and ideas of the various divisions and the Inspection Staff to further strengthen Bureau operations.

The first day of the conference, January 6, will be devoted to discussions by division heads and other representatives of each division of matters pertaining to inspections with particular emphasis being placed on streamlining techniques and methods to effect greater economy in the utilization of the Bureau's manpower and equipment. The second day, January 7, will include an Inspectors' workshop, the purpose of which will be to analyze current inspection procedures directed at increasing their effectiveness.

You are requested to submit a memorandum to the Inspection Division by December 9, 1968, listing topics you feel should be included on the agenda of the conference, including the identities of the speakers who will present these topics and the amount of time desired for the presentation.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIL UNCLASSIDE

Memorandum to All Assistant Directors Re: Field Inspectors' Conference

January 6 - 7, 1969

Whenever possible, division heads should personally attend this conference and present their respective topics. In the event the division head is unable to be present, a designated alternate should be prepared to handle the assignment.

Very truly yours,

John Edgal Hoover

Director

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

DS



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

4:38 PM

December 20, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR, BISHOP

After receiving the information from Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach regarding the location of the kidnap victim, Barbara Jean Mackle, I called her father, Robert F. Mackle, in Miami, Florida.

I told him that we have found his daughter; that I wanted to let him know she is in generally good condition; that she was buried in this capsule, as they call it, in a wooded area outside of Atlanta. I told him we were taking the girl now to the home of one of our Agents.

who lives in Doraville, Georgia, and the telephone number is
I told him it would take about 25 minutes to get her there from
where she was found, but she is in pretty good condition considering the
fact she was in this capsule. Mr. Mackle asked if she were in good condition
and I told him she was, but, of course, she had been under a terrible strain
although she was in pretty good shape considering the circumstances.
Mr. Mackle exclaimed that this was wonderful.

Agent's home which was near where she was found so she could get some rest until he, Mackle, talks to her and they can make their plans. Mr. Mackle stated they were coming up as quickly as the plane could take them. He said he did not know what to say. I told him I was glad we were able to find her and the next thing is to find the kidnappers. Mr. Mackle admitted he was a little confused by all this and asked that the name of the Agent, et cetera, be repeated to him so he could have it correct, which was done. Mr. Mackle said they would be there as soon as they can and asked to repeat -- she is in generally good condition considering the circumstances and she is on her way to this place and be there in 25 minutes -- and I told him that was correct.

I told Mr. Mackle that we have not made any public statement and it is not known that we have found her and we can refrain from issuing a

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December 20, 1968

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Rosen, Bishop

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statement until he got there. I suggested that Mr. Mackle tell SAC Frohbose or the Agent in charge there at his home to phone our Atlanta Office so they could meet Mr. Mackle at whatever airport he landed; to tell them where he will land and the approximate time and we would have a car meet him at Atlanta and drive him to Doraville and this would save him time.

Mr. Mackle stated that at a better time he would tell me what they think and I told him I was happy we were able to find her so soon. Mr. Mackle was quite broken up and thanked me.

4:45 PM

I called Attorney General-designate John N. Mitchell in New York City. I told him I hesitated to break into his busy schedule, but I wanted him to know so that he might be able to indicate it to President-elect Nixon that we had just found the Mackle girl. Mr. Mitchell immediately asked if she were in good shape and I told him she was considering the conditions as she was being retained in a capsule buried in the ground in a wooded area outside Atlanta and we had to dig her out. I told him she asked that we notify her father that she is all right and I had talked to Mr. Mackle and told him the fact that we have her and she is at the home of an Agent in Atlanta and will remain there until Mr. Mackle is able to get there by plane. Mr. Mitchell said this would be a great relief to Mr. Mackle. I told him it was and he had broken down when I called him.

Mr. Mitchell stated this was a wonderful piece of work. I told Mr. Mitchell that we were close to the kidnappers and I thought we may have them in custody in a reasonable period of time, a day or so. I also told him that we have not issued a press release and will not do so until Mr. Mackle arrives at Atlanta as I thought with the press descending on him it would break him up more. Mr. Mitchell said this was very considerate and wise. I said Mr. Mackle is leaving at once by plane and would be there probably in the course of the next hour or so and the press release will be issued later in the evening. Mr. Mitchell said this was good and he would tell Mr. Nixon and he appreciated my calling.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

3:02 PM

January 7, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. GALE

MR. BISHOP

M

Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach called. He stated that in connection with the Special Inquiry investigations on the Nixon people, I had instructed that we put all information in the reports and whenever a question is needed to be asked, make sure it is covered in the transmittal letter, pointing out the information and asking if further investigation is needed or desired. Mr. DeLoach continued that in connection with matter, a question has come up. We have considerable information of possible tie-ins with hoodlums in the area, a great deal of which is uncorroborated. Mr. DeLoach stated that in a number of instances when we conduct an investigation on a Cabinet or sub-Cabinet position, later on the Atomic Energy Commission or the Central Intelligence Agency, or both, will ask the White House to furnish information on the individuals for and in that connection, the White House always furnishes the reports in toto, which would include all this information which has not been corroborated. Mr. DeLoach stated the material is very damaging and he would like to recommend that instead of putting information of this nature in the report, it be put in the transmittal letter. I told Mr. DeLoach this would be all right. Mr. DeLoach said we can ask the question as to whether they want further investigation conducted, and I told him this was all right.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

2:10 PM

January 8, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON' MR. DE LOACH MR. BISHOP

President Lyndon B. Johnson called. He said he wanted to express his grief and sorrow and sympathy for what happened to our fine men and tell me if there is anything in God's world that he can do, he wants to do it. (This concerns the two Special Agents in the Washington Field Office who were killed today in line of duty.

I told the President that I appreciated this; that it is one of those things we have to face up to from time to time and we are doing everything we can to apprehend the culprit and see that proper justice is administered. I said that these two were fine men in the service and have done a fine job and it is a shock to all of us. The President stated he agreed with me; that he just got back from speaking and saw it on the ticker and he wanted to call me and if there is anything he can do in any way, to tell Assistant to the Director DeLoach as I have his affection and confidence as well as my organization and as long as he lives he will be for me and my men.

I told the President I appreciated this and thanked him for calling.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

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In Reply, Please Refer to

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

Mr. Cenrad.___ Mr. Felt

January 13, 1969

MEMORANDUM TO MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CASPER

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR, FELT

MR, GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

MISS HOLMES

SAC, WFO

RE: TOUR LEADER TRAINING

Another clerical tour leader training class will be formed in Room 1732 on February 10, 1969, for a three-week period. You should submit by appropriate memorandum the names of the young men assigned to your Division being recommended for this training. As previously instructed, all candidates being recommended must possess, at least, the minimum physical requirements for the Special Agent position.

public relations program, and in order to successfully meet our heavy commitments an adequate staff of trained representatives must be available. Please afford this matter your personal attention and be certain that the Crime Records Division is appropriately advised by close of business January 31, 1969, in order that the necessary additional processing may be completed before the commencement of this class.

Very truly yours,

J. Edger Hower

John Edgar Noover Director



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

10:40 AM

January 22, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP

Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach called. He advised that he had a call from Hobart Lewis, President of Reader's Digest, who indicated that Robert Mackle, father of the kidnap victim Barbara Mackle, had been in touch with him and Mr. Mackle is interested in his 'old friends' at Reader's Digest either doing an article or a book on the Mackle kidnaping case with the victim doing most of the talking. Mr. Lewis wanted to know what we thought of it.

Mr. DeLoach stated he told him he would check with me, but the first thing that came to his mind was that which I indicated when the President called that the man should first be prosecuted and convicted. I told Mr. DeLoach to tell them it is absolutely wrong to use a story or article from Barbara until the case is disposed of in court as it will prejudice the case and allow the shyster lawyers who will represent the fellow in court in Georgia to obtain a change of venue or something like that. Mr. DeLoach advised that he had told Mr. Lewis it was wrong because it could be detrimental to the prosecution and Mr. Lewis said nothing was going to be published prior to prosecution and conviction. Mr. DeLoach told him that nevertheless, they have to get the facts and the defense would know about it. I said that the trouble is they may ask the girl on the stand whether she has written a proposed article for Reader's Digest and when I talked with Mr. Mackle and the girl in Miami, it was the President who suggested to her that she write a book and she said she thought she would when the trial was over. I said then that nothing must be put into writing or a book or article until the man is tried and the case disposed of and then they can do what they want. I stated I also said that we might want to have it on the FBI television series, but that is far off now because he will appeal whatever happens; that he will be convicted in Georgia, which he will appeal, and it will go to the Supreme Court so that will take quite some time and both Mr. Mackle and Barbara were perfectly satisfied and indicated complete agreement with me. Mr. DeLoach stated that apparently Mr. Mackle is anxious to do something.

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January 22, 1969

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Rosen, Bishop

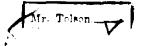
I told Mr. DeLoach to tell Mr. Lewis that it would be unwise for them to do that; if they want to sign her as a commitment for the future, that would be all right, but she should not be writing anything even at this time for future publication. Mr. DeLoach said he would tell Harrier -1/-169 Mr. Lewis.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director







FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

Mr Const

11:17 AM

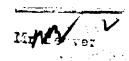
January 22, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON .

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP



Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach called. He advised that Assistant Special Agent in Charge Frederick F. Fox in Miami called; that he has learned that Krist, the subject in the Barbara Mackle kidnaping case, is to be moved by United States Marshals prior to February 7th to Atlanta where he will remain in Federal custody until a definite decision is made whether to relinquish Krist to the state on kidnaping charges. Mr. DeLoach said he would recommend that we continue to keep our guard on the man at the Dade County Jail until his removal and then drop it.

I instructed Mr. DeLoach that as soon as the Marshals take custody of Krist, we should discontinue, as it is their responsibility although he may get away as he is an escape artist. I told Mr. DeLoach that the Marshals should be advised of the danger of this fellow as he has escaped from a couple of penitentiaries.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASBINGTON, D.C. 20525

January 24, 1969

4:44 p.m.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. BISHOP

MR. GALE

Counsel to the President John D. Ehrlichman called and stated he was calling about the matter we discussed, the matter. He said he talked to Mr. De Loach the other day and told him to go ahead and interview

I told Mr. Ehrlichman we had done so; that I sent over today a letter as to our first interview with him. I advised that Timmons said he would like to have us interview him again, that he couldn't recall whether he had a best man and couldn't recall various army associates since that time we have tried to call him -four times - and we have been told he was busy at the time and could not see us.

Mr. Ehrlichman stated he talked with the shortly after talking with Mr. DeLoach and told him the he had requested the FBI to interview him. Mr. Ehrlichman said he did not specify the area of questioning but said this was a situation where we required information.

I advised Mr. Ehrlichman that denied the allegations his wife had made, practically denied all allegations, but when we got down to the identities of persons that could corroborate, he was completely blank. Mr. Ehrlichman said it was certainly funny not to remember your best man. I agreed and stated said he did not know whether he had one.

Mr. Ehrlichman said he appreciated this and he is going to see if he can facilitate an appointment with that he will be back to me or he will have call. I said that would be fine and thanked him.

HEREIN IS UNULASSIFIED DATE 6/1921 BYD 1654/3K

Very truly yours,

ohn Edgar Hoover Director

9/6



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

3:22 PM

January 28, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. CALLAHAN

MR, GALE

MR. BISHOP

I returned the call of Postmaster General Winton Blount.

Mr. Blount asked if he could impose on me about a man who was formerly with the Bureau, namely, and that was about 1952.

Mr. Blount said he believed the man is in his 40's now and he was subsequently with the

and is now with the Company. Mr. Blount said he was thinking in terms of several areas for him and he is not sure just what, but instead of a routine check which he could get, he would like somebody who knew this man and what he is capable of giving him a rundown. I told Mr. Blount I would start the check right away and try to have word to him not later than tomorrow. Mr. Blount said he would get more information if this is not enough, and I told him it was enough because we will have his personnel file.

Mr. Blount mentioned his administrative ability; that he did not know that he was talking particularly about the Postal Inspection Service, but he would like to think in terms as to whether he has that kind of ability.

I told Mr. Blount I would check and let him know by tomorrow.

Very truly yours,

John **∑**dgar Hoov∈r

Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNGLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/102 BY 50-1 CSK/PSK

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

February 17, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON / MR. DE LOACH MR. GALE

I took em. The ence on vill be

In conference with the Attorney General this afternoon, I took occasion to mention certain aspects of the organized crime problem. The Attorney General brought up the fact that there would be a conference on next Thursday morning at which I will be present and that there will be considerable exploration of this program. I told the Attorney General I was planning, of course, to attend this conference and I had in my mind several questions that must be resolved, namely, the field of Federal jurisdiction in regard to the "policy" racket. I also stated that the matter of personnel to handle such saturation of the aspect of "policy" operations was one that must be determined as it would require a very large number of Agents. The Attorney General also stated that we should consider at the meeting on Thursday what should be given top priority, as there might be other areas of vital activity upon the part of organized crime in addition to the "policy" racket. I told the Attorney General that this was a very pertinent question as the "policy" racket might not be the prime area into which the Department should move with a saturation effort.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 6/182 BY SON GSK/PSK



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

-	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the followindicated, explain this deletion.	ing statements, where
1	Deleted under exemption(s) material available for release to you.	with no segregable
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.	
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.	
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	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated vote advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.	
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASBINGTON, D.C. 20535

Mr. Conrad...... Mr. Felt

4:13 PM

February 14, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN MR. BISHOP No Beaver

Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach called. He said that in a bank robbery case in New York, four subjects were involved and \$367,000 loot was taken; two Agents in New Orleans apprehended two subjects and recovered \$161,000. Mr. DeLoach said this happened last fall and the trial is to begin Monday and the two Agents in New Orleans have been subpoenaed. Mr. DeLoach said the Department has asked that inasmuch as the U. S. Marshal's office in New Orleans has no available manpower because of a special situation down there, whether our Agents in New Orleans would take the money back with them when they testify at the trial as the money is needed as evidence. Mr. DeLoach said he thought we had no alternative.

I asked the identity of the person in the Department and Mr. DeLoach said it was an attorney named Morrell (phonetic). I said I could see in a way why they do not want to spend the money for a Marshal to travel when our Agents have to go anyway. Mr. DeLoach said there is also the matter of chain of evidence, although that is rather flimsy.

I told Mr. DeLoach we would do it, but to let the fellow know this does not set a precedent and the Bureau is not going to be used for that in other cases.

Very truly yours,

by Edger Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DITE 6/1/52 BY JOINGLESS





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

2:17 PM

February 10, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CALLAHAN MR. GALE

MR. SULLIVAN

Attorney General John N. Mitchell called and advised that the President has two items he wanted the Attorney General to take up with me: (1) our National Crime Information Center as the President feels it, of course, is very productive and his question was whether he should ask for more funds on our behalf for that operation. The Attorney General stated that he knew our budgets have been well taken care of but he could not answer the question. I told the Attorney General I do not believe we need that at the present time; that in other words, the appropriation on which I will testify in a couple of weeks provides for additional funds for that and beyond that, I do not believe it is necessary.

The Attorney General said the second thing is on atomic espionage that the President is quite interested in and it was his, the President's, understanding that I have some material that could be made available for his, the Attorney General's, examination and perhaps after that we could get together and talk about its future. I advised the Attorney General that I did not know what he had reference to; that, of course, we have continuing espionage by the Russians. The Attorney General said he thought he was talking about another country involving some American Nationals going back and forth. I suggested he let me check and send him a memorandum. The Attorney General said he thought it was commonly referred to as the

I told the Attorney General I would have a memorandum prepared on that case and the aspects for him. (Mr. DeLoach has been instructed to have a memorandum prepared and sent through today.)

The Attorney General said that lastly, on the general problem of electronic surveillance, he is trying to get material together to answer the general question of policy and position and in the meantime, he is taking care of it on a case basis. I told the Attorney General I had received the proposed

February 10, 1969

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Mohr, Bishop, Callahan, Gale, Sullivan

manual submitted for our comment and we are analyzing it at the present time, but my first reaction is that it is spread pretty widely as to its internal operations. I said that up to the present time, the information has been tightly held between the Attorney General and the Director of the Bureau, but under the proposed manual, the prosecuting United States Attorney or Organized Crime attorney will have to also act in the individual cases, and it does seem to me that does slow up progress when we have a real emergency to face. I said those cases are mostly on an emergency basis

I said in those instances, I think quick action is necessary and has to be done by the Attorney General. I said as it is now, it will have to be gone through the United States Attorney in whatever district it may be and then through the Organized Crime Section and then to the Attorney General. The Attorney General stated that frankly this is news to him and he has not seen it but he would get hold of it and review it. I told him I thought it was important for him to see it because it is long and does provide for a daily report on each of our operations of electronic devices to the United States Attorney and the attorney in the Organized Crime Section and it imposes a tremendous amount of paper work. The Attorney General stated he could see that and it undoubtedly is something that was started in the other administration; that he is not familiar with it so he would get his hands on it and see if he can't straighten it out.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- 2 -



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

9:26 AM

January 30, 19

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH MR. SULLIVAN

MR. BISHOP

Dr. Henry A. Kissinger, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, called. He stated he wanted to ask me the following: The President has asked the Central Intelligence Agency to make a report to him about the worldwide student unrest, its significance, the leadership, motivation, et cetera, and it seemed to them that I might have some reflections on this problem and the relationship of what goes on abroad to what goes on in this country. I told him I thought we have. Dr. Kissinger said he was wondering whether I might agree to have the Bureau prepare a report for them on, of course, a strictly confidential basis to that effect. I told him I would be happy to and I can get it started right away.

Dr. Kissinger asked if there were any chance that he could have it by the middle of February, and I told him he could have it before then as I could get it to him possibly sometime next week. Dr. Kissinger stated this would be excellent; that they would like to know who are these people, is it organized, spontaneous, what motivates them, what is the connection between what is spontaneous and what is organized; that I know the concern, whether there is or is not a worldwide pattern to this.

I told Dr. Kissinger I would be glad to get it started right away and he expressed his appreciation.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/BU BYSP.1 GSK/PSK



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 2055 Sir. Gal-

February 18, 1969

MEMORANDUM TO MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CASPER

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

MISS HOLMES

RE: BUDGET ESTIMATES FISCAL YEARS 1971 THROUGH 1975

It is requested that each division head furnish to the Administrative Division by March 21, 1969, justification data (original and one copy) regarding his division for use in preparation of the Bureau's budget estimate for the fiscal year 1971 plus specific indication of any possible changes by fiscal years thereafter through fiscal year 1975. This latter information should specifically pinpoint the fiscal year involved. The 5-year projection of costs is required by Bureau of the Budget instructions. It is imperative that this material be in the hands of the Administrative Division by the March 21 deadline.

The material submitted by the divisions is the basic material used to determine and justify our appropriation request. Accordingly, it should contain any data relating to your division which you feel would be of value in determining and presenting our budget request. This would include such things as work load trends, effect of any new legislation on our work, major issues or programs which may affect future manpower needs, and the like. Include, where possible, work load statistics to support your justifications and projected wherever possible by fiscal years through 1975.

Enclosure

THATE GUILD EVEN ----

Memorandum to All Assistant Directors

Re: Budget Estimates

Fiscal Years 1971 through 1975

For the information of those contacting other agencies in regard to fingerprint and name check estimates, you should be aware of the volume of work along this line an agency is submitting to the Bureau at the present time, as well as the agency estimate to the Bureau for the fiscal year 1970. In addition to obtaining an estimate for the fiscal years 1971 through 1975, the estimate for the fiscal year 1970 should be checked with the agency to determine if it should be revised in light of current work load trends. If the agency estimates that the volume of such work for the fiscal years 1970 and 1971 and for subsequent fiscal years will increase or decrease from the present volume, obtain the details as to the reason for the increase or decrease so that we will have complete information available to fully justify our total name check and fingerprint work loads. This is needed since the anticipated volume of such work to be handled by the Bureau is primarily determined by estimates submitted by agencies outside the Bureau.

Using a tabulation in the format attached, show the number of your presently assigned staff (giving date of the count) by sections (except that the Administrative Division and the Files and Communications Division should show number by sections and units) and the number of employees you feel will be necessary to handle the work of such organizational units during the fiscal year 1971 and subsequent fiscal years, broken down as to clerical and agent positions in both instances. Show the reason for any proposed increase. If reimbursable work is performed, all information on personnel should indicate the number of employees assigned or required for such work included in the total personnel figures as a one-line entry at the bottom. Major equipment needs, if any, should be set out specifically by sections (except that the Administrative Division and the Files and Communications Division should show needs by sections and units) and must be fully and completely justified. In addition, any alterations or repairs of office space or furniture contemplated should be indicated in the same manner as for equipment with full and complete justification.

From the latest available information, it appears that the new quarters at Quantico could be ready for occupancy during fiscal year 1971. With respect to the new FBI building, the General Services Administration has not given an estimated occupancy date, but for purposes of making your projected estimates, assume that occupancy

Memorandum to all Assistant Directors
Re: Budget Estimates
Fiscal Years 1971 through 1975

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will be in the fiscal year 1974. Your projections should show by each fiscal year what effect these moves will have on work loads, personnel, and major equipment items supported by a full and complete explanation.

Should any question arise with regard to the preparation of these data, contact should be made with the Budget Unit of the Administrative Division.

Very truly yours,

hn Edgar Hoover Director

Personnel Tabulation To Be Submitted By Divisions as Part of Budget Estimates - Fiscal Years 1971 Through 1975

SUMMARY TABULATION -- PERSONNEL REQUEST

DIVISION

	Section
IA IC	Pr A
IO	Assigned (Date of Preparation)
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I≫	⇒ O
IO	Currently Authorized
l⊢i	ly zed
I⊅	Rec
lO	Required 1970
IH	
I⊅	₽
lo	Request: 1971
IH	г.
l>	
IO	197
IН	2
I∌	
Ol H	1973
1⊅	
lΩ	1974
i⊢l	
I⊅	
lo	1975
l⊢i	

A = Agents; C = Clerks; T = Total

such personnel. If reimbursement work is performed by personnel assigned or anticipated, show on a line at the bottom the total of

Any increases over currently authorized should be justified in narrative material. By currently authorized is meant the number recommended and approved in the last "personnel adequacy survey" by the Inspection Division or through other means. The term "currently authorized" has nothing to do with prior year budget requests.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

11:05 AM

February 28, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH MR. CASPER

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. BISHOP

Miss Gapes

I returned an earlier call from Mr. Henry B. Montague, Chief Postal Inspector. He said he just wanted to let me know that his retirement papers are in to be effective as of the close of business today. I told him I was sorry to hear this. Mr. Montague stated he would be around two or three weeks in sort of an acting capacity until the new man takes over, but he wanted to take the opportunity to thank me for all the cooperation they have received from me and my men. I told him it was mutual as we have also received great cooperation and, in fact, I took occasion when I saw the Postmaster General before he was confirmed, to advise him that of all the investigative agencies in the Government, Mr. Montague's had been the most cooperative and Mr. Montague particularly had been helpful to us in the work which we have to handle. Mr. Montague expressed his appreciation.

Mr. Montague said that I could understand after my years in Government that the Postmaster General is under pressure where he has to do certain things and this happens to be one of them. I commented that I thought it is unfortunate because I think experience often is more valuable than expediency. Mr. Montague said he has always tried to do the job impartially, but he just wanted to thank me. I told him it was nice of him and if I can be of service to him officially or personally in any capacity, to call upon me. Mr. Montague thanked me.

Very truly yours,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS LUCLACHEED DITT GIBZ BY SPICSKIRK

John Edgar Hoover Director OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

2:34 PM

March 3, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. DE LOACH MR. BISHOP

Deputy Attorney General Richard G. Kleindienst called. He advised that before he joined the Government, one of his clients was the Associated General Contractors, a national organization of general contractors. He stated they are having their annual convention in Washington, D. C., starting Monday, the 17th. He said he told them because of his past relationship with them he would ask me if I would consent and be able to appear at four o'clock Monday afternoon to receive a citation of appreciation from the Association.

I told Mr. Kleindienst that this was kind of them but I have had to make a rule not to make any public appearances that might involve making a speech or take time away from the office, and we are in the midst of appropriations hearings now. Mr. Kleindienst said there would be no speech and take about thirty minutes. I told him I was sorry I cannot do it; that I would like to and asked if he would express my appreciation to them.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

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DATE 4/82 BYSPIGSKIRSK

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20635

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12:55 PM

March 5, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON'
MR. DE LOACH
MR. ROSEN
MR. BISHOP

MA Reaver

Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach called. He advised that we were notified about five minutes ago that the Identification Officer for the Oklahoma State Bureau of Identification had received some fingerprints this morning on a Donna Wills. We had an Agent nearby who is a fingerprint man and who checked the fingerprints with the Identification man and they are the prints of Ruth Eisemann-Scheir, who is wanted in connection with the Mackle case. She had applied for a job with the Central State Hospital in Norman, Oklahoma, which is a small town where the University of Oklahoma and this mental hospital are located. The age she gave is about eight years off, but the physical description matches well. She gave an address and we have sent a squad of Agents under the supervision of the Special Agent in Charge there immediately. I stated this is fine.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

DATE 41/82 BYSP. 105/185K



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

4:23 PM

March 5, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP

My John
My John
My John
My Garper
My Callaban
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Folt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Risen
Mr. Sult van
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Total
Mr. Room
Mis Hiller
Mres Mres Gallay

I called Mr. Robert F. Mackle, father of the girl in the Mackle kidnapping case, and told him I wanted to let him know that we had just arrested Rith Eisemann-Scheir and we had arrested her in Oklahoma. I told him that she has admitted her identity and we will, of course, bring her back to Georgia where she will be tried. I told him I wanted him to know about it first and there will be a press release, and I did not think there was any need for worry on his part as she is out of circulation and cannot retaliate. Mr. Mackle said that is wonderful.

I told Mr. Mackle that she was trying to get a job as a nurse in a hospital; that we have been watching the place where she lived for some hours and when she came back to her residence, we arrested her and her fingerprints are the same as we had on file and had issued and she admitted her identity. Mr. Mackle asked if this means that there might be someone else involved, her getting so far away. I told him it did not; that I think she got away as far as she could and where she was unknown so nobody would suspect. I said we had our whole organization throughout the country alerted first to the possibility that she might have been killed by Krist or that she might have gone to Mexico, but we never gave up the fact that she might be in the United States and fortunately her fingerprints came in from the hospital and we compared them with the fingerprints which we had and they were identical so we located where she was living and made the arrest. Mr. Mackle asked in what city and I told him Norman, Oklahoma.

Mr. Mackle said he appreciated my calling as they had some concern in the house. I told him I thought they can be completely relieved and I thought there would be a trial in Georgia as soon as the local authorities can move and we will be pressing for that and I thought his worries will be completely over.

Mr. Mackle asked if I had any suggestions if the press calls him. I told him he did not know anything except what he reads in the papers; that a release is being made now.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/82 BYSE-1684/98

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Rosen, Bishop March 5, 1969

Mr. Mackle said this is wonderful; that I know what a wonderful organization he thinks I have and he never lost confidence in the least, but he just hoped, as he told me and the President, that some day this whole thing is told, and he mentioned the California kidnapping and the Sinatra thing, but he thought the three were tied up. He said my men will have a lot less kidnapping in the United States to contend with for quite a while. I said I thought so due to the mere fact that we were able to apprehend the kidnappers, as in the case involving Barbara (Mackle), the Sinatra boy, and the Stalford case, as in all instances we got the money back and the victim back safe. Mr. Mackle said it is just wonderful. I said it throws the fear of God into the heart of any individual who might plan the same thing. I continued that Krist admitted he had killed four people, but he never gave the identity of the fourth one and we suspected it might be the girl, but it was not.

Mr. Mackle said that now that we have her, it is again indicative of what a wonderful organization I have. I told him I wanted him to know about it before he read it in the papers, and Mr. Mackle said he appreciated my calling.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

4:19 PM

March 5, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP

After receiving the information telephonically from Assistant to the Director Cartha D. DeLoach, I called the Attorney General and advised him that I thought he might like to know we have just arrested the Scheir (Ruth Eisemann-Scheir) girl who was a companion of Krist in the Mackle kidnapping case. The Attorney General said this was wonderful and asked where we found her, and I advised him in Oklahoma. He commented that then the body in the swamp was not she, and I told him we had disposed of that by reason of having her dental charts. I said we arrested her in Oklahoma where she was applying for a position in a hospital as a nurse and she had been working as a car hop in a drive-in restaurant and has admitted her identity. I said we will remove her, of course, and bring her back to Georgia where she will be tried.

The Attorney General reiterated that this was wonderful and he congratulated the Bureau. I told him I appreciated this and that I was phoning Mr. Robert F. Mackle to let him know because he has been rather concerned about it. The Attorney General said he could understand that and it is wonderful.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/82 BYSE-1654/85

SFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



125

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale

March 11, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. SULLIVAN MR. BISHOP

MIL BOOMEL

Last Friday evening Honorable John D. Ehrlichman, Counsel to the President, phoned me from Key Biscayne. He stated the President had asked him to communicate with me and to inform me that he, the President, intended to appoint Otto F. Otepka to the Subversive Activities Control Board. He stated the President wanted me to know of this before it appeared in the press.

I thanked Mr. Ehrlichman for phoning this information to me.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

11:35 AM

March 7, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON '
MR. DE LOACH
MR. ROSEN
MR. BISHOP

called from New York City.

of the boy who was kidnapped said he just wanted to call and tell me that the trial has been completed and it is going to the jury this morning. He said he just cannot praise too highly my men the way they documented this case and tied it down. He said it was a beautiful thing to watch from the poor lawyer who had to defend it. I told him it was nice of him to make that statement. He said they had everything so tied down, so methodical. He said there were elements that he was unaware of that took place during the gun play. He said I could be proud of them, that they risked their lives right down the line.

He said he understood that I am up before Congress for appropriations and if there is anything he could do, he was at my disposal, whether it involved a letter or telegram or coming down and testifying, that he is available. I said that was nice of him, but that is what he pays his taxes for.

said these men did something over and beyond the call of anyone's conception of duty and he thinks it is J. Edgar Hoover who has laid the ground rules for this and he can only salute me and my organization and I have the eternal thanks of his wife and himself and if there is any satisfaction in doing a job, it is a case like this coming out perfectly. I said we were happy we could bring it to a successful conclusion in such a short time.

Said these people were fantastic and he must mention especially who literally walked against a gun pointed at him -- he just kept going. I said this is the kind of men we have tried to recruit over the years as there is a time when you have a crisis and have to act and you have to have guts enough to do it.

Said they all do. and SAC Wesley Grapp included.

He said every one of these men is the epitome and I have turned them out. I told him I was glad to hear that and it was nice

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Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Rosen, Bishop

March 7, 1969

of him to call. said it was his pleasure and if he could help in any way, he would like to and asked if I would like a telegram. I told him I did not think there was any need.

reiterated that if he can be of any help in any way to the FBI, he would like to. I told him it was nice of him to call and I appreciated it.

Very truly yours,

67C

John Edgar Hoover Director



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

2:27 PM

Mr. Sullivan

Tele. Room Miss Holmes

Miss Gandy

March 14, 19

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH MR. BISHOP

I called Mr. Harold P. Leinbaugh, No. 2 Man, Crime Records I stated I tried to get Assistant Director Bishop, who was at lunch, and I tried to get Mr. William H. Stapleton, who was at lunch; that they should not all take their lunch at the same time. I said that I came in the lower entrance, a few minutes ago and there was a great deal of screaming, yelling, and hollering going on from a tour on the first floor. I stated I wanted that kind of thing stopped. We have had a complaint from the Department about it and I have noticed it time and again when going out or coming in and I hear yelling and hollering, apparently by youngsters going through on or coming from tours.

I told Mr. Leinbaugh that the tour leaders must put an end to that otherwise we will have to discontinue having tours and asked that he look into this right away. Mr. Leinbaugh said he would do so immediately.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

> ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/80 BYSP. 1 GUE/PSK





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

4:40 PM

March 17, 196

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. BISHOP

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE GILOS BY SAIGNAGE

Honorable Winton Blount, Postmaster General called. He said
I would recall our visit when he came to see me before the inauguration and
one of the things we discussed was the Postal Inspection Service. He said
one of the things that occurred to him at that time was that this organization
looked as if it had been too inbred and in recruiting from colleges, if a college
graduate wants to get into the Inspection Service, he has to go to work as a
clerk on the night shift and work six months before his application is considered. I said that is basically wrong. He said while it is a good basic
group of people, it is not right and he has determined that he must go outside
the service to get somebody to head it who has had this kind of background
and experience. He said he wanted to see if I agreed with him.

I told him I thought it was a good idea because as he said, it is inbred and has been so for too long and I think this thing of taking people from within the service in that particular branch of the department is not a sound procedure administratively and I think it is a thing you can't change very well unless you go outside to get somebody to head it up. Mr. Blount said that is his view and he wanted to check it out with me. I told him there may be some resentment to his view because knowing it as I do, it is like a small size Balkan empire -a law unto itself -- and it is hard to sell a new idea. Mr. Blount said that was his idea and he was glad to hear me say it because he has to do that if one of the things we are going to try to do is coordinate all agencies who have responsibilities in that area. I said it is going to require the services of the Post Office. Treasury, and all branches of the Department of Justice who have an interest and it has to be run like one combination to get results. He said very good as he wanted to check my opinion because it is of value to him and I may get involved as I may be asked about it and he wanted to see if we were on the same wavelength. I told him we were.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

4:10 PM

March 18

M

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. BISHOP

~ Allers

Miss Holmes Miss Gandy

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Casper Mr. Callahan

Mr. Conrad Mr. Felt

Mr. Gale Mr. Rosen Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavel _ Mr. Trotter Tele. Room

Mr. DeLoach Mr. Mohr. Mr. Bishop.

I called Assistant Attorney General Will R. Wilson, Criminal Division, and said I wanted to make certain he received the two memoranda today which I had sent over; one dealing with the memorandum he left with me about the members of La Cosa Nostra, as I had sent that through this afternoon. Mr. Wilson said he had not received it yet, but he would get it.

I told him I also sent over a memorandum relative to the New York City Police Department and Hogan's department. Mr. Wilson said he was going up tomorrow and needed both of them.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

5:00 PM

March 18, 19**6**9

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH MR, MOHR

MR. CALLAHAN

MR, ROSEN

MR. BISHOP

I called Mrs. Jane McHale, Secretary to the Attorney General, and told her I wanted to give to her, so she could give it to the Attorney General, the number to be called in case the burglar alarm system goes off at his apartment; if that does happen, the ADP people should call EXecutive 3-7100, extension 571 or extension 591. I asked her to furnish that to the Attorney General so he could have it available. Mrs. McHale said she would give him a card. I told her there would be somebody on duty at that number.

Since I had earlier tried to call the Attorney General and had left word, Mrs. McHale asked if I needed a call back when the Attorney General returned. I told her I had wanted to talk to him about the protection to be furnished by the Agents, but I could do that some other time and I would call some other time.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

11:15 AM

March 19, 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 4/1/62 BY SPICKER

MR. DE LOACH MR. MOHR

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. ROSEN MR. BISHOP Mis Gundy

I called Attorney General John N. Mitchell and said I wanted to touch base with him to find out his wishes in regard to having Agents assigned to him and the times he would like to have them. I said I have four men, top level men, for that assignment and I had thought he would probably want to have an Agent join him in the morning at his apartment and drive with him to the office and probably remain in his office during the day so that any time he would have to leave for an appointment, he could accompany him, and then return him to his home in the evening and if he goes out at night, the Agent could also accompany him.

The Attorney General indicated he hated to get into this and asked if I thought the President would insist upon it. I said he indicated the other day he thought it was necessary and there is always a question in my mind, but, of course, I feel that if anything should happen, we would regret it the rest of our lives, although at the same time it is an irksome thing. I said I know I never do it myself. I said I thought there are occasions when he was going to make a speech at a university or college where demonstrations might be started an Agent ought to be along and travel with him. Mr. Mitchell said he thought that was appropriate. I said he had mentioned his daughter and if it would help to take her to school and bring her home in the evening, that could be arranged.

The Attorney General said that was most kind of me and thanked me. He asked if there was one Agent in particular that he might talk with and not have to take my time. I told him I would select Special Agent and I could arrange for him to see him at any time convenient to the Attorney General. I said that has been with the Bureau since 1951 and has served in various parts of the country as a Special Agent and at the present time is here at headquarters as one of the inspectors. The Attorney General said this was wonderful and why didn't he arrange through his secretary to get in touch with him and talk about it and work out some rational modus operandi that will satisfy everybody. I told the Attorney General I would let the Agent know he can expect a call from his secretary.

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Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, DeLoach, Mohr, Callahan, Rosen, Bishop

briefed the other day by Assistant to the Director John Mohr about the matter with the Attorney General. I told Mr. he would get a call from the Attorney General's secretary sometime today I would imagine, for an appointment to meet with the Attorney General and discuss this matter with him. I said he personally, I did not think, is too keen about having the detail that some of the other Cabinet members have. I said this was first proposed at luncheon at the White House the other day when the President brought up whether we were furnishing protection to the Attorney General and I told him we were not and he said he thought we ought to. I said the Attorney General was present and indicated the only person he had any concern about was his seven-year-old daughter and the discussion did not go any further.

I said I talked with the Attorney General this morning and told him I had men briefed and wanted to know what his wishes were. I said he inquired whether I thought the President was going to insist upon it and I said I did not know and I recognized it was burdensome and irksome to have somebody always with him, but at the same time, I thought there were times when he had to go places or make a speech where an Agent ought to travel with him. I said I told him we could arrange to have an Agent meet him in the morning and bring him to the office and stay there and then take him wherever he has to go for any appointments and also take him anywhere in the evening. I told Mr. that the Attorney General said he would like to explore it with whomever I was going to designate to see if they could not work out an arrangement satisfactory to all. I said I had mentioned him. as the man to be spoken to so the secretary will call and arrange for him to see the Attorney General probably sometime today so should be ready for it. I said what he wants to do, we will do; we will comply with his wishes; if he wishes his child brought to school and home in the evening, we will do that; if he wants a 24-hour detail, we will do that, but I gather from his conversation he was not too enthusiastic about a detail such as the President has, or the Secretary of State or Secretary of Defense. I said the President the other day was surprised when I told him the Attorney General did not have protection nor had any of his predecessors and I do not think Mitchell is too keen about it himself. I said he wanted my opinion and I told him it was up to him and I realized it is a burden to have somebody around you or with you all the time as I never had anybody with me, but I was not in the same status as he is. I told Mr. to be prepared and he said he would.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

4:23 PM

March 26, 1969 Tavel

Mr. Corrad.,

Mr. Gale Mr. Rosen Sur van.

Mr. Tr iter. Tele. Room Miss H lmes_

Miss Gandy.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. BISHOP

Senator Charles H. Percy (R.-Ill.) called. He said he just wanted to report to me and I would recall he sent a memorandum to me last June 3rd on a private talk he had with the Soviet Ambassador at his residence. The Senator continued that he was at the White House Thursday night and told the President about that and he, the President, asked if the Senator had ever invited him back to host him. The Senator told the President no and the President said he thought it would be exceedingly useful if he would.

Senator Percy said he did call him and he is coming to his home tomorrow noon in Georgetown and he will write up the conversation, as he has gone to the State Department and gotten things in which they are interested and he talked to Dr. Henry A. Kissinger, National Security Adviser, and he would send me a full report.

I told the Senator I would be very happy to have it.

Very truly yours,

Edgar Hoover

Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS, UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/11/82 BYS2-1GSK/RK





ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

March 27, 1969

MEMORANDUM TO MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CASPER

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

MISS HOLMES

Mr. Telson ... Mr. DeLeach Mr. Mohr Mr. Eld. p Mr. Caller Mr. Callahan Mr. Cerrad $M_{T^{**}}(F^{-\alpha_{\alpha}})$ Mr. $\Pi \sim 0$ Mr. Sections Mr. Tayd Mr. Terrary at Tele. Room Mass Holmes Miss Gandy

DATE 6/1/32 BY SP. 1654/PSK RE: AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING

I want it distinctly understood that no project shall be automated or any major study undertaken toward the automation of a project without my personal approval. Complete details including estimated personnel and equipment costs are to be furnished me with any proposal for automation. In this connection, you are reminded that the automation of Bureau investigative, administrative, and personnel operations is the basic responsibility of the Administrative Division.

Existing instructions provide that copies of all memoranda or suggestions concerning such automation are to be forwarded to the Assistant Director of that Division in order that any necessary feasibility study may be made by qualified Analysts in the Voucher-Statistical Section and any necessary cost estimates be prepared. The Administrative Division will coordinate the automation of any Bureau function with the proper Division or Divisions.

It is imperative that these instructions be followed without exception so that the Administrative Division can fulfill its responsibilities and I will be completely informed. This matter should be brought to the attention of the appropriate personnel in your Division.

Very truly yours,

ın Edgàs Hoover

Director





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

Mr. Connd.

April 3, 1969

MEMORANDUM TO MR. TOLSON

MR. DE LOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. BISHOP

MR. CASPER

MR, CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. GALE

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROTTER

MISS HOLMES

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/182 BY SPICERPER

RE: PAY AND LEAVE MATTERS
MARCH 28 AND MARCH 31, 1969

Contact with the Civil Service Commission on April 1, 1969, produced the following information as to pay and leave questions which have been raised affecting Friday, March 28, and Monday. March 31.

An employee who worked a normal workday or portion thereof on March 31 is entitled only to his regular day's pay, and not to any additional pay nor compensatory leave. There is likewise no extra compensation for an employee who remained at his post after the general dismissal of March 28 and until the normal termination of his workday.

Night shifts on March 28 were not excused early. Night shifts on March 31 were excused on the same basis as day shifts on that date.

An employee on scheduled annual leave or sick leave Monday, March 31, is not to be charged with annual leave or sick leave. Employees excused from duty on March 31, of course, are to be charged no leave for their absence on that date. If an employee left on scheduled Memorandum to All Assistant Directors

Re: Pay and Leave Matters

March 28 and March 31, 1969

leave Friday, March 28, prior to 12:25 p.m. (the time of Mr. Eisenhower's death), he is to be charged leave on the same basis as if there had been no early dismissal. If his departure on leave occurred after 12:25 p.m., March 28, but prior to the announcement of the dismissal, he would be charged leave from the time he left until the time the dismissal took effect, but not for any period after dismissal.

Additionally, those Special Agents who worked Monday will receive overtime credit for all such work. Monday will not count as a workday in computing the monthly overtime figures for March.

Very truly yours,

on Edgar Hoover

Director